SAFETY DATA SHEET Regulation 1907/2006/EC

Shell	Omal	a S2	GX	460

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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name	:	Shell Omala S2 GX 460
Product code	:	001F1182

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Substance/Mixture	:	Gear lubricant.
Uses advised against	:	This product must not be used in applications other than those listed in Section 1 without first seeking the advice of the supplier.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Supplier	 Shell UK Oil Products Limited Shell Centre London SE1 7NA United Kingdom
Telephone Telefax Email Contact for Safety Data Sheet	 : (+44) 08007318888 : : If you have any enquiries about the content of this SDS please email lubricantSDS@shell.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

: +44-(0) 151-350-4595

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Based on available data this substance / mixture does not meet the classification criteria.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)					
Hazard pictograms	:	No Hazard Symbol required			
Signal word	:	No signal word			
Hazard statements	:	PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard according to CLP criteria.			

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		criteria. ENVIRONMENTA	a health hazard under CLP AL HAZARDS: environmental hazard
Precautionary statements	 Prevention: Response: Storage: Disposal: 	No precautionary No precautionary No precautionary No precautionary	phrases. phrases.
Safety data sheet available o	n request.		
Sensitising components	: Contains Alkyl May produce a	polyamide. an allergic reaction.	

2.3 Other hazards

This mixture does not contain any REACH registered substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Used oil may contain harmful impurities.

Not classified as flammable but will burn.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Chemical nature : Highly refined mineral oils and additives. The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSOextract, according to IP346.

Hazardous components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentration
	EC-No.	(REGULATION	[%]
	Registration	(EC) No	
	number	1272/2008)	
Alkyl polyamide	68784-17-8	Eye Irrit.2; H319	< 0.9
	272-225-4	Skin Irrit.2; H315	
		Skin Sens.1B;	
		H317	

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

	Protection of first-aiders	:	When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings.
	If inhaled	:	No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.
	In case of skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with water and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
	In case of eye contact	:	Flush eye with copious quantities of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
	If swallowed	:	In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are swallowed, however, get medical advice.
4.2	Most important symptoms an	d e	effects, both acute and delayed
	Symptoms	:	Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include formation of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed areas. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment	:	Notes to doctor/physician:
		Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media		Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media 5.2 Special hazards arising from t		Do not use water in a jet. substance or mixture
Specific hazards during firefighting	:	Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic

compounds.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

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Special protective equipment for firefighters	: Proper protective equipment includir gloves are to be worn; chemical resi large contact with spilled product is Breathing Apparatus must be worn a confined space. Select fire fighter's relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: El	stant suit is indicated if expected. Self-Contained when approaching a fire in s clothing approved to
Specific extinguishing methods	: Use extinguishing measures that are circumstances and the surrounding	

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	: 6.1.1 For non emergency personnel:
	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
	6.1.2 For emergency responders:
	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up	: Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth
	or other containment material.
	Reclaim liquid directly or in an absorbent.
	Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other
	suitable material and dispose of properly.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Safety Data Sheet., For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Chapter 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

General Precautions	: Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of
	vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk

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	assess	ment of local circumstances riate controls for safe handli	to help determine
7.1 Precautions for safe handl	ng		
Advice on safe handling	Avoid ir When h worn ar Properl	prolonged or repeated contac nhaling vapour and/or mists. nandling product in drums, s nd proper handling equipme y dispose of any contaminat ils in order to prevent fires.	afety footwear should be nt should be used.
Product Transfer		grounding and bonding proc all bulk transfer operations to	
7.2 Conditions for safe storage	, including a	ny incompatibilities	
Other data		ontainer tightly closed and ir Jse properly labeled and clo	
	Store a	t ambient temperature.	
		o section 15 for any addition g the packaging and storage	
	Pollutio	orage of this product may be n (Oil Storage) (England) Ro ce may be obtained from the office.	egulations. Further
Packaging material	steel or	e material: For containers or high density polyethylene. ble material: PVC.	container linings, use mild
Container Advice		ylene containers should not atures because of possible r	
7.3 Specific end use(s)			
Specific use(s)	: Not app	blicable	

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components CAS-No. Value type (Forrof exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
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Oil mist, mineral	ΤW	A	5 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values
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Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measuresThe level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include:

Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.

Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.

General Information:

Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls.

Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product.

Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation.

Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.

Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle.

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

Personal protective equipment

The provided information is made in consideration of the PPE directive (Council Directive 89/686/EEC) and the CEN European Committee for Standardisation (CEN) standards.

Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with

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PPE suppliers.			
Eye protection	:	If material is handled such that it co protective eyewear is recommended Approved to EU Standard EN166.	
Hand protection			
Remarks	:	Where hand contact with the product gloves approved to relevant standar US: F739) made from the following suitable chemical protection. PVC, r gloves Suitability and durability of a usage, e.g. frequency and duration resistance of glove material, dexteri from glove suppliers. Contaminated replaced. Personal hygiene is a key care. Gloves must only be worn on gloves, hands should be washed an Application of a non-perfumed mois	rds (e.g. Europe: EN374, materials may provide neoprene or nitrile rubber glove is dependent on of contact, chemical ty. Always seek advice gloves should be v element of effective hand clean hands. After using nd dried thoroughly.
		For continuous contact we recomme breakthrough time of more than 240 for > 480 minutes where suitable gla short-term/splash protection we reco recognize that suitable gloves offeri may not be available and in this cas time maybe acceptable so long as a and replacement regimes are follow a good predictor of glove resistance dependent on the exact composition Glove thickness should be typically depending on the glove make and n) minutes with preference oves can be identified. For ommend the same, but ng this level of protection se a lower breakthrough appropriate maintenance yed. Glove thickness is not to a chemical as it is n of the glove material. greater than 0.35 mm
Skin and body protection	:	Skin protection is not ordinarily requised work clothes. It is good practice to wear chemical	
Respiratory protection	:	No respiratory protection is ordinaril conditions of use. In accordance with good industrial h precautions should be taken to avoi If engineering controls do not mainta concentrations to a level which is ac health, select respiratory protection specific conditions of use and meeti Check with respiratory protective ec Where air-filtering respirators are su appropriate combination of mask ar Select a filter suitable for combined	hygiene practices, id breathing of material. ain airborne dequate to protect worker equipment suitable for the ing relevant legislation. quipment suppliers. uitable, select an ind filter.

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	and vapours [Type A/Type P boiling meeting EN14387 and EN143.	point > 65°C (149°F)]
Thermal hazards	: Not applicable	
Hygiene measures	: Exposure to this product should be r reasonably practicable. Reference s Health and Safety Executive's public Essentials".	should be made to the
Environmental exposure co	ntrols	
General advice	: Take appropriate measures to fulfill relevant environmental protection le contamination of the environment by Chapter 6. If necessary, prevent un being discharged to waste water. W treated in a municipal or industrial w before discharge to surface water. Local guidelines on emission limits f must be observed for the discharge vapour.	gislation. Avoid y following advice given in dissolved material from aste water should be vaste water treatment plant for volatile substances

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	: Liquid at room temperature.
Colour	: brown
Odour	: Slight hydrocarbon
Odour Threshold	: Data not available
рН	: Not applicable
pour point	: -12 °CMethod: ISO 3016
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: > 280 °Cestimated value(s)
Flash point	: 260 °C Method: ISO 2592
Evaporation rate	: Data not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Data not available
Upper explosion limit	: Typical 10 %(V)

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Lower explosion limit	: Typical 1 %(V)	
Vapour pressure	: < 0.5 Pa (20 °C) estimated value(s)	
Relative vapour density	: > 1estimated value(s)	
Relative density	: 0.904 (15 °C)	
Density	: 904 kg/m3 (15.0 °C) Method: ISO 12185	
Solubility(ies)		
Water solubility	: negligible	
Solubility in other solvents	: Data not available	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: log Pow: > 6(based on information on s	similar products)
Auto-ignition temperature	: > 320 °C	
Decomposition temperature	: Data not available	
Viscosity		
Viscosity, dynamic	: Data not available	
Viscosity, kinematic	: 460 mm2/s (40.0 °C) Method: ISO 3104	
	30.8 mm2/s (100 °C) Method: ISO 3104	
Explosive properties	: Not classified	
Oxidizing properties	: Data not available	
9.2 Other information		
Conductivity	: This material is not expected to be a st	atic accumulator.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following

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sub-paragraph.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable.

No hazardous reaction is expected when handled and stored according to provisions

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions	: Reacts with strong oxidising agents.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	
Conditions to avoid	: Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid	:	Strong oxidising agents.
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10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition	: No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.
products	

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Basis for assessment	:	Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).
Information on likely routes of exposure	:	Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.
Acute toxicity		
Product:		
Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 rat: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 Rabbit: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

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Remarks: Slightly irritating to skin., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to the eye., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: For respiratory and skin sensitisation:, Not a sensitiser., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components:

Alkyl polyamide: Remarks: May cause an allergic skin reaction in sensitive individuals.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

: Remarks: Non mutagenic, Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Remarks: Not a carcinogen., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Remarks: Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be non-carcinogenic in animal skinpainting studies., Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

Material	GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification
Highly refined mineral oil	No carcinogenicity classification.

Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Remarks: Not a developmental toxicant., Does not impair

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fertility., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Not an aspiration hazard.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

Remarks: Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory frameworks may exist.

Summary on evaluation of t Germ cell mutagenicity- Assessment	 the CMR properties This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.
Carcinogenicity - Assessment	: This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.
Reproductive toxicity - Assessment	: This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

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Basis for assessment	:	 Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the 	
		nominal amount of product required t extract).	to prepare aqueous test
Product:			
Toxicity to fish (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classific	cation criteria are not met.
Toxicity to crustacean (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classific	cation criteria are not met.
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classific	cation criteria are not met.
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)	:	Remarks: Data not available	
Toxicity to crustacean (Chronic toxicity)	:	Remarks: Data not available	
Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Data not available	

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product:	
Biodegradability	: Remarks: Not readily biodegradable., Major constituents are inherently biodegradable, but contains components that may persist in the environment.
12.3 Bioaccumulative potential	
Product:	
Bioaccumulation	: Remarks: Contains components with the potential to bioaccumulate.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: log Pow: > 6Remarks: (based on information on similar products)
12.4 Mobility in soil	
Product:	
Mobility	: Remarks: Liquid under most environmental conditions., If it

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	enters soil, it will adsorb to soil particles an mobile. Remarks: Floats on water.	d will not be
12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB ass	essment	
Product:		
Assessment	: This mixture does not contain any REACH substances that are assessed to be a PBT	5
12.6 Other adverse effects		
Product:		
Additional ecological information	 Does not have ozone depletion potential, p ozone creation potential or global warming is a mixture of non-volatile components, wh released to air in any significant quantities conditions of use. Poorly soluble mixture., Causes physical for organisms. Mineral oil does not cause chronic toxicity for organisms at concentrations less than 1 mg 	potential., Product nich will not be under normal puling of aquatic to aquatic

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product	: Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses
	Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste.
Contaminated packaging	: Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.
Local legislation	
Waste catalogue	:
	EU Waste Disposal Code (EWC):

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Waste Code	:	
	13 02 05*	
Remarks	: Disposal should be in accordance with a national, and local laws and regulations	
	Classification of waste is always the resusted user.	ponsibility of the end

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number	
ADR RID	 Not regulated as a dangerous good Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
ΙΑΤΑ	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.2 Proper shipping name	
ADR	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
ΙΑΤΑ	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.3 Transport hazard class	
ADR	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
ΙΑΤΑ	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.4 Packing group	
ADR	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
ΙΑΤΑ	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.5 Environmental hazards	
ADR	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.6 Special precautions for user	
Remarks	: Special Precautions: Refer to Chapter 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied. MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH - List of substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV) : Product is not subject to Authorisation under REACH.

Volatile organic compounds : 0 %

Other regulations : The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

Environmental Protection Act 1990 (as amended). Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974. Consumers Protection Act 1987. Pollution Prevention and Control Act 1999. Environment Act 1995. Factories Act 1961. The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment (Amendment) Regulations 2011. Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009. Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (as amended). Merchant Shipping (Dangerous Goods and Marine Pollutants) Regulations 1997. Reporting of Injuries, Diseases and Dangerous Occurrences Regulations 1995 (as amended). Personal Protective Equipment Regulations 2002. Personal Protective Equipment at Work Regulations 1992. Hazardous Waste (England and Wales) Regulations 2005(as amended). Control of Major Accident Hazards Regulations 1999 (as amended). Renewable Transport Fuel Obligations Order 2007 (as amended), Energy Act 2011, Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2010 (as amended). Waste (England and Wales) Regulations 2011 (as amended). Planning (Hazardous Substances) Act 1990 and associated regulations. The Environmental Protection (Controls on Ozone-Depleting Substances) Regulations 2011.

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), annex XIV. Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), annex XVII. Directive 2012/18/EU on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances (Seveso III). Directive 2004/37/EC on the protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to carcinogens or mutagens at work and its amendments. Directive 1994/33/EC on the protection of young people at

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	work and its amendments. Council Directive 92/85/EEC on the to encourage improvements in the s pregnant workers and workers who or are breastfeeding and its amendn	afety and health at work of have recently given birth
The components of this	product are reported in the following inve	entories:
EINECS/ELINCS/EC TSCA	All components listed or polymer exerciseAll components listed.	empt.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture by the supplier.

SECTION 16: Other information

,

Full text of H-Statements

H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.

Full text of other abbreviations

		ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists ADR = European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road AICS = Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances ASTM = American Society for Testing and Materials BEL = Biological exposure limits BTEX = Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, Xylenes CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service CEFIC = European Chemical Industry Council CLP = Classification Packaging and Labelling COC = Cleveland Open-Cup DIN = Deutsches Institut fur Normung DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level DSL = Canada Domestic Substance List EC = European Commission

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ECETOC = European Center on Ecotoxicology and Toxicology Of Chemicals ECHA = European Chemicals Agency EINECS = The European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances EL50 = Effective Loading fifty ENCS = Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances Inventory EWC = European Waste Code GHS = Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer IATA = International Agency for Research on Cancer	Toxicology Of Chemicals ECHA = European Chemicals Agency EINECS = The European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances EL50 = Effective Loading fifty ENCS = Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances Inventory EWC = European Waste Code GHS = Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer IATA = International Air Transport Association IC50 = Inhibitory Concentration fifty IL50 = Inhibitory Level fifty IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods INV = Chinese Chemicals Inventory IP346 = Institute of Petroleum test method N° 346 for the determination of polycyclic aromatics DMSO-extractables KECI = Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory LC50 = Lethal Concentration fifty LD50 = Lethal Loading/Effective Loading/Inhibitory loading LL50 = Lethal Loading fifty MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of	Toxicology Of Chemicals ECHA = European Chemicals Agency EINECS = The European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances EL50 = Effective Loading fifty ENCS = Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances Inventory EWC = European Waste Code GHS = Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer IATA = International Air Transport Association IC50 = Inhibitory Concentration fifty IL50 = Inhibitory Level fifty IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods INV = Chinese Chemicals Inventory IP346 = Institute of Petroleum test method N° 346 for the determination of polycyclic aromatics DMSO-extractables KECI = Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory LC50 = Lethal Concentration fifty LD50 = Lethal Dose fifty per cent. LL/EL/LL = Lethal Loading/Effective Loading/Inhibitory loading LL50 = Lethal Loading fifty
IC50 = Inhibitory Concentration fifty IL50 = Inhibitory Level fifty IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods INV = Chinese Chemicals Inventory IP346 = Institute of Petroleum test method N° 346 for the determination of polycyclic aromatics DMSO-extractables KECI = Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory LC50 = Lethal Concentration fifty	LL/EL/IL = Lethal Loading/Effective Loading/Inhibitory loading LL50 = Lethal Loading fifty MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of	LL/EL/IL = Lethal Loading/Effective Loading/Inhibitory loading LL50 = Lethal Loading fifty MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships NOEC/NOEL = No Observed Effect Concentration / No Observed Effect Level OE_HPV = Occupational Exposure - High Production Volume PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PICCS = Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration

Further information

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Training advice

Provide adequate information, instruction and training for operators.

Shell Omala S2 GX 460		
Version 1.3	Revision Date 19.11.2018	Print Date 20.11.2018
Other information	: No Exposure Scenario annex is attached to this safety data sheet as it is a non-classified mixture containing no hazardous substances.	
	Under Article 31 of REACH, a SDS is not required for this product. Therefore, this SDS has been created on a voluntary basis to pass on potentially relevant information required under Article 32.	
	A vertical bar () in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.	
Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet	:	
	The quoted data are from, but not lim sources of information (e.g. toxicolog Health Services, material suppliers' o IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regulation	jical data from Shell data, CONCAWE, EU

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.