Revision Date 14.03.2016

Print Date 15.03.2016

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name	:	Shell Tellus S2 VX 46
Product code	:	001F8433

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Substance/Mixture	:	Hydraulic oil
Uses advised against	:	This product must not be used in applications other than those listed in Section 1 without first seeking the advice of the supplier.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Supplier :	Shell UK Oil Products Limited Shell Centre London SE1 7NA United Kingdom
Telephone : Telefax :	(+44) 08007318888
Email Contact for Safety Data : Sheet	If you have any enquiries about the content of this SDS please email lubricantSDS@shell.com
1.4 Emergency telephone number	r

: +44-(0) 151-350-4595

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)		
Hazard pictograms	No Hazard Symbol required	
Signal word	No signal word	
Hazard statements	PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical haza according to CLP criteria.	rd

Version 1.0	Revision Date	14.03.2016	Print Date 15.03.2016
		HEALTH HAZARDS: Not classified as a hea criteria. ENVIRONMENTAL H/ Not classified as envir according to CLP crite	AZARDS: onmental hazard
Precautionary statements	tatements : Prevention: Response:	No procentionary phra	
		No precautionary phra	
	Storage:	No precautionary phra	
	Disposal:	No precautionary phra	ISES.
	2.00000	No precautionary phra	ISES.

2.3 Other hazards

This mixture does not contain any REACH registered substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Used oil may contain harmful impurities.

High-pressure injection under the skin may cause serious damage including local necrosis. Not classified as flammable but will burn.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Chemical nature

: Highly refined mineral oils and additives. The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSOextract, according to IP346.

: * contains one or more of the following CAS-numbers (REACH registration numbers): 64742-53-6 (01-2119480375-34), 64742-54-7 (01-2119484627-25), 64742-55-8 (01-2119487077-29), 64742-56-9 (01-2119480132-48), 64742-65-0 (01-2119471299-27), 68037-01-4 (01-2119486452-34), 72623-86-0 (01-2119474878-16), 72623-87-1 (01-2119474889-13), 8042-47-5 (01-2119487078-27), 848301-69-9 (01-0000020163-82).

Hazardous components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No. Registration number	Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)	Concentration [%]
Interchangeable low viscosity base oil		Asp. Tox.1; H304	0 - 90

Shell Tellus S2 VX 46		
Version 1.0	Revision Date 14.03.2016	Print Date 15.03.2016
(<20,5 cSt @40°C) *		

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures				
General advice :	Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal conditions.			
Protection of first-aiders :	When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings.			
If inhaled :	No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.			
In case of skin contact :	Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with water and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.			
	When using high pressure equipment, injection of product under the skin can occur. If high pressure injuries occur, the casualty should be sent immediately to a hospital. Do not wait for symptoms to develop. Obtain medical attention even in the absence of apparent wounds.			
In case of eye contact :	Flush eye with copious quantities of water. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.			
If swallowed :	In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are swallowed, however, get medical advice.			
4.2 Most important symptoms and	effects, both acute and delayed			
Symptoms :	Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include formation of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed areas. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea.			
	Local necrosis is evidenced by delayed onset of pain and tissue damage a few hours following injection.			
4.3 Indication of any immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed			
Treatment :	Notes to doctor/physician: Treat symptomatically.			
	High pressure injection injuries require prompt surgical intervention an d possibly steroid therapy, to minimise tissue damage and loss of function. Because entry wounds are small and do not reflect the			
3 / 19	800010026147			

GB

Version 1.0		Revision Date 14.03.2016	Print Date 15.03.2016
		seriousness of the underlying damage, s determine the extent of involvement may anaesthetics or hot soaks should be avo can contribute to swelling, vasospasm a surgical decompression, debridement ar foreign material should be performed un anaesthetics, and wide exploration is es	y be necessary. Local bided because they and ischaemia. Prompt nd evacuation of ader general
SECTION 5: Firefighting meas	sur	es	
5.1 Extinguishing media			
Suitable extinguishing media	:	Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical dioxide, sand or earth may be used for s	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water in a jet.	2
5.2 Special hazards arising from	the	e substance or mixture	
Specific hazards during firefighting	:	Hazardous combustion products may in mixture of airborne solid and liquid partie (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evol combustion occurs. Unidentified organic compounds.	culates and gases lved if incomplete
5.3 Advice for firefighters			
Special protective equipment		Proper protective equipment including c	hemical resistant

Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).
Specific extinguishing methods	:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	: 6.1.1 For non emergency personnel:
	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
	6.1.2 For emergency responders:
	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions	:	Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental
		contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains,

Version 1.0	Revision Date 14.03.2016	Print Date 15.03.2016
	ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or barriers.	other appropriate
	Local authorities should be advised if sig cannot be contained.	nificant spillages
6.3 Methods and materials for con	tainment and cleaning up	
Methods for cleaning up	 Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents Prevent from spreading by making a or other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an absor Soak up residue with an absorbent s suitable material and dispose of prop 	barrier with sand, earth bent. such as clay, sand or other
6.4 Reference to other sections		

For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Safety Data Sheet., For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Chapter 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

General Precautions :	Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.
7.1 Precautions for safe handling	
Advice on safe handling :	Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning materials in order to prevent fires.
Product Transfer :	This material has the potential to be a static accumulator. Proper grounding and bonding procedures should be used during all bulk transfer operations.
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, inc	luding any incompatibilities
Other data :	Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place. Use properly labeled and closable containers.
	Store at ambient temperature.
	Refer to section 15 for any additional specific legislation covering the packaging and storage of this product.

Version 1.0	Revision Date 14.03.2016	Print Date 15.03.2016
	The storage of this product may be s Pollution (Oil Storage) (England) Reg guidance may be obtained from the I agency office.	gulations. Further
Packaging material	: Suitable material: For containers or or steel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: PVC.	container linings, use mild
Container Advice	: Polyethylene containers should not be temperatures because of possible rise	
7.3 Specific end use(s) Specific use(s)	: Not applicable	

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
Oil mist, mineral		TWA	5 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

Revision Date 14.03.2016

Print Date 15.03.2016

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measuresThe level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.

Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.

General Information:

Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls.

Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product.

Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation.

Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.

Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle.

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

Personal protective equipment

The provided information is made in consideration of the PPE directive (Council Directive 89/686/EEC) and the CEN European Committee for Standardisation (CEN) standards.

Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

Eye protection	:	If material is handled such that it could be splashed into eyes, protective eyewear is recommended. Approved to EU Standard EN166.
Hand protection		
Remarks	:	Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended.

sion 1.0	Revision Date 14.03.2016	Print Date 15.03.20
	for > 480 minutes where suitable g short-term/splash protection we re- recognize that suitable gloves offer may not be available and in this ca time maybe acceptable so long as and replacement regimes are follow a good predictor of glove resistance dependent on the exact composition Glove thickness should be typically depending on the glove make and	commend the same, but ring this level of protection ase a lower breakthrough appropriate maintenance wed. Glove thickness is not exe to a chemical as it is on of the glove material. y greater than 0.35 mm
Skin and body protection	 Skin protection is not ordinarily req work clothes. It is good practice to wear chemica 	
Respiratory protection	: No respiratory protection is ordinar conditions of use. In accordance with good industrial precautions should be taken to avoid If engineering controls do not main concentrations to a level which is a health, select respiratory protection specific conditions of use and mee Check with respiratory protective e Where air-filtering respirators are sa appropriate combination of mask a Select a filter suitable for combined and vapours [Type A/Type P boilin meeting EN14387 and EN143.	hygiene practices, bid breathing of material. atain airborne adequate to protect worker n equipment suitable for the eting relevant legislation. equipment suppliers. suitable, select an and filter. d particulate/organic gases
Thermal hazards	: Not applicable	
Hygiene measures	: Exposure to this product should be reasonably practicable. Reference Health and Safety Executive's pub Essentials".	should be made to the
Environmental exposure c	ontrols	
General advice	: Take appropriate measures to fulfi relevant environmental protection I contamination of the environment I Chapter 6. If necessary, prevent u being discharged to waste water. V treated in a municipal or industrial before discharge to surface water. Local guidelines on emission limits must be observed for the discharge vapour.	legislation. Avoid by following advice given in indissolved material from Waste water should be waste water treatment plant

Revision Date 14.03.2016

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

: liquid
: clear
: Slight hydrocarbon
: Data not available
: Not applicable
: -36 °CMethod: ISO 3016
: > 280 °Cestimated value(s)
: 220 °C Method: ISO 2592
: Data not available
: Data not available
: Typical 10 %(V)
: Typical 1 %(V)
: < 0.5 Pa (20 °C) estimated value(s)
: > 1estimated value(s)
: 0.856 (15 °C)
: 856 kg/m3 (15.0 °C) Method: ISO 12185
: negligible
: Data not available
: Pow: > 6(based on information on similar products)
: > 320 °C

Version 1.0	Revision Date 14.03.2016	Print Date 15.03.2016
Viscosity, dynamic	: Data not available	
Viscosity, kinematic	: 46 mm2/s (40.0 °C) Method: ASTM D445	
	7.9 mm2/s (100 °C) Method: ASTM D445	
	2630 mm2/s (-20 °C)	
	Method: ASTM D445	
Explosive properties	: Not classified	
Oxidizing properties	: Data not available	
0.0 Other information		
9.2 Other information		
Conductivity	: This material is not expected to be a s	static accumulator.
Decomposition temperature	: Data not available	

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable.

No hazardous reaction is expected when handled and stored according to provisions

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : Reacts with strong oxidising agents.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid :	:	Extremes of temperature and direct sunligh	t.
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10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Strong oxidising agents.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition	:	Hazardous decomposition products are not expected to form
products		during normal storage.

Revision Date 14.03.2016

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Basis for assessment	:	Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).
Information on likely routes of exposure	:	Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.
Acute toxicity		
Product:		
Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 rat: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity:
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	Remarks: Not considered to be an inhalation hazard under normal conditions of use.
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 Rabbit: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity:

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: For respiratory and skin sensitisation:, Not expected to be a sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

: Remarks: Not considered a mutagenic hazard.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

11 / 19

Version 1.0

Revision Date 14.03.2016

Remarks: Not expected to be carcinogenic.

Remarks: Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be non-carcinogenic in animal skinpainting studies., Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

Material	GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification
Highly refined mineral oil	No carcinogenicity classification.

Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to impair fertility., Not expected to be a developmental toxicant.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Not considered an aspiration hazard.

Further information

Product:

12/19

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: High pressure injection of product into the skin may lead to local necrosis if the product is not surgically removed.

Version 1.0

Revision Date 14.03.2016

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

Remarks: Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory frameworks may exist.

Summary on evaluation of the Germ cell mutagenicity- Assessment	 CMR properties This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B. 	
Carcinogenicity - Assessment	: This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.	
Reproductive toxicity - Assessment	: This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.	

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Basis for assessment	:	Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract).
Toxicity to fish (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l
Toxicity to crustacean (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)	:	Remarks: Data not available
Toxicity to crustacean (Chronic toxicity)	:	Remarks: Data not available
(Acute toxicity) (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Data not available

Version 1.0	Revision Date 14.03.2016	Print Date 15.03.2016
12.2 Persistence and degradabili	ty	
Product:		
Biodegradability	: Remarks: Expected to be not read constituents are expected to be in contains components that may per	herently biodegradable, but
12.3 Bioaccumulative potential		
Product:		
Bioaccumulation	: Remarks: Contains components w bioaccumulate.	vith the potential to
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Pow: > 6Remarks: (based on infor	mation on similar products)
12.4 Mobility in soil		
Product:		
Mobility	 Remarks: Liquid under most environenters soil, it will adsorb to soil par mobile. Remarks: Floats on water. 	
12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB as	sessment	
Product:		
Assessment	: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to b	
12.6 Other adverse effects		
Product:		
Additional ecological information	 Product is a mixture of non-volatile expected to be released to air in a Not expected to have ozone deple photochemical ozone creation pote potential. Poorly soluble mixture., May cause organisms. Mineral oil is not expected to caus aquatic organisms at concentration 	ny significant quantities., etion potential, ential or global warming e physical fouling of aquatic e any chronic effects to

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

: Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste.

14 / 19

Version 1.0	Revision Date 14.03.2016	Print Date 15.03.2016
Contaminated packaging	 Disposal should be in accordance wit national, and local laws and regulatio Local regulations may be more string national requirements and must be co Dispose in accordance with prevailing to a recognized collector or contracto the collector or contractor should be en Disposal should be in accordance wit national, and local laws and regulatio 	ns. ent than regional or omplied with. g regulations, preferably r. The competence of established beforehand. h applicable regional,
Local legislation Waste catalogue	: EU Waste Disposal Code (EWC):	
Waste Code	: 13 01 10*	
Remarks	: Classification of waste is always the r user.	esponsibility of the end

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number		
ADR	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
ΙΑΤΑ	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.2 Proper shipping name		
ADR	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
ΙΑΤΑ	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.3 Transport hazard class		
ADR	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
ΙΑΤΑ	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.4 Packing group		
ADR	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
ΙΑΤΑ	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.5 Environmental hazards		
ADR	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.6 Special precautions for user		

Version 1.0	Revision Date 14.03.2016	Print Date 15.03.2016
Remarks	: Special Precautions: Refer to Chap for special precautions which a user needs to comply with in connection	needs to be aware of or
14.7 Transport in bulk accordin	ng to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the	IBC Code
Pollution category	: Not applicable	
Ship type	: Not applicable	
Product name	: Not applicable	
Special precautions	: Not applicable	
Additional Information	: MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bu	ulk shipments by sea.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH - List of substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV)	: Product is not subject to Authorisation under REACH.
Volatile organic compounds 0 %	

Volatile organic compounds : 0 %

Other regulations	 Environmental Protection Act 1990 (as amended). Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974. Consumers Protection Act 1987. Pollution Prevention and Control Act 1999. Environment Act 1995. Factories Act 1961. The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment (Amendment) Regulations 2011. Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009. Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (as amended). Merchant Shipping (Dangerous Goods and Marine Pollutants) Regulations 1997. Reporting of Injuries, Diseases and Dangerous Occurrences Regulations 1995 (as amended). Personal Protective Equipment Regulations 2002. Personal Protective Equipment at Work Regulations 1992. Hazardous Waste (England and Wales) Regulations 2005(as amended). Control of Major Accident Hazards Regulations 1999 (as amended). Renewable Transport Fuel Obligations Order 2007 (as amended). Energy Act 2011. Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2010 (as amended). Waste (England and Wales) Regulations 2010 (as amended). Waste (England and Wales) Regulations 2011 (as amended). Planning (Hazardous Substances) Act 1990 and associated regulations. The Environmental Protection (Controls on
	regulations. The Environmental Protection (Controls on Ozone-Depleting Substances) Regulations 2011.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

EINECS	:	All components listed or polymer exempt.

GB

Version 1.0	Revision Date 14.03.2016	Print Date 15.03.2016
TSCA	: All components listed.	

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture by the supplier.

SECTION 16: Other information

,

Full text of H-Statements

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Full text of other abbreviations

Asp. Tox. Aspiratio Abbreviations and Acronyms :	n hazard The standard abbreviations and acronyms used in this document can be looked up in reference literature (e.g. scientific dictionaries) and/or websites.
	ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists ADR = European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road AICS = Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances ASTM = American Society for Testing and Materials BEL = Biological exposure limits BTEX = Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, Xylenes CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service CEFIC = European Chemical Industry Council CLP = Classification Packaging and Labelling COC = Cleveland Open-Cup DIN = Deutsches Institut fur Normung DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level DSL = Canada Domestic Substance List EC = European Commission EC50 = Effective Concentration fifty ECETOC = European Chemicals Agency EINECS = The European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances EL50 = Effective Loading fifty ENCS = Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances Inventory EWC = European Waste Code GHS = Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IACC = International Agency for Research on Cancer IATA = International Agency for Research on Cancer
	IC50 = Inhibitory Concentration fifty

Version 1.0	Revision Date 14.03.2016	Print Date 15.03.2016
	IL50 = Inhibitory Level fifty IMDG = International Maritime Da INV = Chinese Chemicals Inventor IP346 = Institute of Petroleum ter determination of polycyclic aroma KECI = Korea Existing Chemicals LC50 = Lethal Concentration fifty LD50 = Lethal Dose fifty per cent. LL/EL/IL = Lethal Loading/Effective LL50 = Lethal Loading fifty MARPOL = International Convent Pollution From Ships NOEC/NOEL = No Observed Effect Observed Effect Level OE_HPV = Occupational Exposur PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative PICCS = Philippine Inventory of O Substances PNEC = Predicted No Effect Conv REACH = Registration Evaluation Chemicals RID = Regulations Relating to Inte Dangerous Goods by Rail SKIN_DES = Skin Designation STEL = Short term exposure limit TRA = Targeted Risk Assessmen TSCA = US Toxic Substances Co TWA = Time-Weighted Average vPvB = very Persistent and very B	bry est method N° 346 for the tics DMSO-extractables a Inventory ve Loading/Inhibitory loading tion for the Prevention of ect Concentration / No re - High Production Volume re and Toxic Chemicals and Chemical centration a And Authorisation Of ernational Carriage of t ontrol Act
Further information		
Other information	: No Exposure Scenario annex is a sheet as it is a non-classified mixt substances.	
	Under Article 31 of REACH, a SD product. Therefore, this SDS has basis to pass on potentially releva under Article 32.	been created on a voluntary
	A vertical bar () in the left margin from the previous version.	indicates an amendment

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

Revision Date 14.03.2016

Print Date 15.03.2016