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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name	:	Shell Tellus S4 ME 32
Product code	:	001D7766

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Substance/Mixture	•	Hydraulic oil
Uses advised against	:	This product must not be used in applications other than those listed in Section 1 without first seeking the advice of the supplier.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Supplier	: Shell UK Oil Products Limited Shell Centre London SE1 7NA United Kingdom
Telephone Telefax Email Contact for Safety Data Sheet	 : (+44) 08007318888 : : If you have any enquiries about the content of this SDS please email lubricantSDS@shell.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

: +44-(0) 151-350-4595

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms	:	No Hazard Symbol required	
Signal word	:	No signal word	
Hazard statements	:	PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard	

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		according to CLP criteria HEALTH HAZARDS: Not classified as a health criteria. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZ Not classified as environ according to CLP criteria	n hazard under CLP ARDS: mental hazard
Precautionary statements :	Prevention:	N	
	Response: Storage:	No precautionary phrase	S.
		No precautionary phrase	S.
	-	No precautionary phrase	S.
	Disposal:	No precautionary phrase	S.

2.3 Other hazards

This mixture does not contain any REACH registered substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Used oil may contain harmful impurities.

High-pressure injection under the skin may cause serious damage including local necrosis. Not classified as flammable but will burn.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Chemical nature

: Blend of polyolefins and additives.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

	General advice	:	Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal conditions.
	Protection of first-aiders	:	When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings.
	If inhaled	:	No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.
	In case of skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with
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	water and follow by If persistent irritatio		
	under the skin can casualty should be for symptoms to de	occur. If high pres sent immediately velop.	t, injection of product sure injuries occur, the to a hospital. Do not wait absence of apparent
In case of eye contac	t : Flush eye with copi If persistent irritatio		
If swallowed	: In general no treatmare swallowed, how		unless large quantities advice.
4.2 Most important sym	otoms and effects, both acute a	and delayed	
Symptoms	of black pustules ar	nd spots on the sk	ns may include formation in of exposed areas. ting and/or diarrhoea.
	Local necrosis is ev tissue damage a fe		ed onset of pain and injection.
4.3 Indication of any imi	nediate medical attention and s	special treatment	t needed
Treatment	: Notes to doctor/phy Treat symptomatica		
	damage and loss of Because entry wou seriousness of the determine the exter anaesthetics or hot can contribute to sy	ossibly steroid ther f function. Inds are small and underlying damag nt of involvement r soaks should be a welling, vasospash ssion, debridement ould be performed	rapy, to minimise tissue do not reflect the e, surgical exploration to may be necessary. Local avoided because they n and ischaemia. Prompt t and evacuation of under general

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media		Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water in a jet.
Special bazards arising from the substance or mixture		

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

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Specific hazards during firefighting	: Hazardous combustion products ma mixture of airborne solid and liquid p (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be combustion occurs. Unidentified org compounds.	oarticulates and gases evolved if incomplete
5.3 Advice for firefighters		
Special protective equipment for firefighters	: Proper protective equipment includir gloves are to be worn; chemical resi large contact with spilled product is Breathing Apparatus must be worn a confined space. Select fire fighter	istant suit is indicated if expected. Self-Contained when approaching a fire in s clothing approved to
Specific extinguishing methods	relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: El : Use extinguishing measures that are circumstances and the surrounding	e appropriate to local

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	: 6.1.1 For non emergency personnel:
	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
	6.1.2 For emergency responders:
	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions	: Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.
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Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up	 Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth or other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an absorbent. Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other suitable material and dispose of properly.
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6.4 Reference to other sections

For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Safety Data Sheet., For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Chapter 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage			
General Precautions	 Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material. 		
7.1 Precautions for safe handling			
Advice on safe handling	 Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning materials in order to prevent fires. 		
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, in	cluding any incompatibilities		
Other data	: Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place. Use properly labeled and closable containers.		
	Store at ambient temperature.		
	Refer to section 15 for any additional specific legislation covering the packaging and storage of this product.		
	The storage of this product may be subject to the Control of Pollution (Oil Storage) (England) Regulations. Further guidance may be obtained from the local environmental agency office.		
Packaging material	 Suitable material: For containers or container linings, use mild steel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: PVC. 		
Container Advice	: Polyethylene containers should not be exposed to high temperatures because of possible risk of distortion.		
7.3 Specific end use(s)			
Specific use(s)	: Not applicable		

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

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Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measuresThe level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include:

Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.

Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.

General Information:

Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls.

Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product.

Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation.

Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.

Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle.

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

Personal protective equipment

The provided information is made in consideration of the PPE directive (Council Directive 89/686/EEC) and the CEN European Committee for Standardisation (CEN) standards.

Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

Eye protection

: If material is handled such that it could be splashed into eyes,

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	protective eyewear is recommende Approved to EU Standard EN166.	ed.
Hand protection		
Remarks	: Where hand contact with the produ- gloves approved to relevant standa US: F739) made from the following suitable chemical protection. PVC, gloves Suitability and durability of a usage, e.g. frequency and duration resistance of glove material, dexte from glove suppliers. Contaminate replaced. Personal hygiene is a ke care. Gloves must only be worn or gloves, hands should be washed a Application of a non-perfumed moi	ards (e.g. Europe: EN374, g materials may provide neoprene or nitrile rubber a glove is dependent on n of contact, chemical rity. Always seek advice d gloves should be ey element of effective hand n clean hands. After using and dried thoroughly.
	For continuous contact we recomm breakthrough time of more than 24 for > 480 minutes where suitable g short-term/splash protection we re- recognize that suitable gloves offer may not be available and in this ca time maybe acceptable so long as and replacement regimes are follor a good predictor of glove resistance dependent on the exact composition Glove thickness should be typically depending on the glove make and	40 minutes with preference gloves can be identified. For commend the same, but ring this level of protection ase a lower breakthrough appropriate maintenance wed. Glove thickness is not ce to a chemical as it is on of the glove material. y greater than 0.35 mm
Skin and body protection	: Skin protection is not ordinarily rec work clothes. It is good practice to wear chemica	
Respiratory protection	 No respiratory protection is ordinations of use. In accordance with good industrial precautions should be taken to avoid fengineering controls do not main concentrations to a level which is a health, select respiratory protection specific conditions of use and mee Check with respiratory protective e Where air-filtering respirators are sappropriate combination of mask a Select a filter suitable for combined and vapours [Type A/Type P boilin meeting EN14387 and EN143. 	hygiene practices, bid breathing of material. ntain airborne adequate to protect worker n equipment suitable for the eting relevant legislation. equipment suppliers. suitable, select an and filter. d particulate/organic gases

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Thermal hazards	: Not applicable	
Hygiene measures	: Exposure to this product should be redu reasonably practicable. Reference shou Health and Safety Executive's publicatio Essentials".	ld be made to the
Environmental exposure con	trols	
General advice	 Take appropriate measures to fulfill the relevant environmental protection legisla contamination of the environment by foll Chapter 6. If necessary, prevent undiss being discharged to waste water. Waste treated in a municipal or industrial waste before discharge to surface water. Local guidelines on emission limits for very must be observed for the discharge of envapour. 	ation. Avoid owing advice given in olved material from water should be water treatment plant olatile substances

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	: Liquid at room temperature.
Colour	: light brown
Odour	: Slight hydrocarbon
Odour Threshold	: Data not available
рН	: Not applicable
pour point	: -54 °CMethod: ISO 3016
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: > 280 °Cestimated value(s)
Flash point	: 240 °C Method: ISO 2592
Evaporation rate	: Data not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Data not available
Upper explosion limit	: Typical 10 %(V)
Lower explosion limit	: Typical 1 %(V)

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Vapour pressure	: < 0.5 Pa (20 °C) estimated value(s)	
Relative vapour density	: > 1estimated value(s)	
Relative density	: 0.825 (15 °C)	
Density	: 825 kg/m3 (15.0 °C) Method: ISO 12185	
Solubility(ies)		
Water solubility	: negligible	
Solubility in other solvents	: Data not available	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Pow: > 6(based on information on si	milar products)
Auto-ignition temperature	: > 320 °C	
Viscosity		
Viscosity, dynamic	: Data not available	
Viscosity, kinematic	: 32 mm2/s (40.0 °C) Method: ASTM D445	
	6 mm2/s (100 °C) Method: ASTM D445	
Explosive properties	: Not classified	
Oxidizing properties	: Data not available	
9.2 Other information		
Conductivity	: This material is not expected to be a	static accumulator.
Decomposition temperature	: Data not available	

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable.

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No hazardous reaction is ex	pected when handled and stored according	to provisions
10.3 Possibility of hazardous	eactions	
Hazardous reactions	: Reacts with strong oxidising agents.	
10.4 Conditions to avoid		
Conditions to avoid	: Extremes of temperature and direct s	sunlight.
10.5 Incompatible materials		
Materials to avoid	: Strong oxidising agents.	
10.6 Hazardous decompositio	n products	
•		

Hazardous decomposition	azardous dec	composition products are not expected to form
products	uring normal :	storage.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Basis for assessment	:	Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).
Information on likely rou exposure	tes of :	Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.
Acute toxicity		
Product:		
Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 rat: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity:
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	Remarks: Not considered to be an inhalation hazard under normal conditions of use.
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 Rabbit: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity:

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

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Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: For respiratory and skin sensitisation:, Not expected to be a sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

: Remarks: Not considered a mutagenic hazard.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be carcinogenic.

Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to impair fertility., Not expected to be a developmental toxicant.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Not considered an aspiration hazard.

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Further information

Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: High pressure injection of product into the skin may lead to local necrosis if the product is not surgically removed.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

Remarks: Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory frameworks may exist.

Summary on evaluation of the CMR properties

Germ cell mutagenicity- Assessment	: This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.	
Carcinogenicity - Assessment	: This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.	
Reproductive toxicity - Assessment	: This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.	

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Basis for assessment	:	Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract).
Toxicity to fish (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l
Toxicity to crustacean (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l

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Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: Expected to be practically LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l	y non toxic:
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)	: Remarks: Data not available	
Toxicity to crustacean (Chronic toxicity)	: Remarks: Data not available	
Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: Data not available	

12.2 Persistence and degradability

	Product:		
	Biodegradability	:	Remarks: Expected to be not readily biodegradable., Major constituents are expected to be inherently biodegradable, but contains components that may persist in the environment.
12.3	Bioaccumulative potential		
	Product:		
	Bioaccumulation	:	Remarks: Contains components with the potential to bioaccumulate.
	Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Pow: > 6Remarks: (based on information on similar products)
12.4	Mobility in soil		
	Product:		
	Mobility	:	Remarks: Liquid under most environmental conditions., If it enters soil, it will adsorb to soil particles and will not be mobile. Remarks: Floats on water.
12.5	5 Results of PBT and vPvB ass	e	ssment
	Product:		
	Assessment	:	This mixture does not contain any REACH registered substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
12.6	Other adverse effects		
	Product:		
	Additional ecological information	:	Product is a mixture of non-volatile components, which are not expected to be released to air in any significant quantities., Not expected to have ozone depletion potential, photochemical ozone creation potential or global warming potential. Poorly soluble mixture., May cause physical fouling of aquatic organisms.

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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods			
Product	: Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste.		
	Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements and must be complied with.		
Contaminated packaging	: Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.		
Local legislation Waste catalogue	: EU Waste Disposal Code (EWC):		
Waste Code	: 13 01 11*		
Remarks	: Classification of waste is always the responsibility of the end user.		

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number	
ADR	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
ΙΑΤΑ	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.2 Proper shipping name	
ADR	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
ΙΑΤΑ	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.3 Transport hazard class	
ADR	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
ΙΑΤΑ	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.4 Packing group	
ADR	: Not regulated as a dangerous good

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RID IMDG IATA 14.5 Environmental hazards	 Not regulated as a dangerous good Not regulated as a dangerous good Not regulated as a dangerous good 		
ADR RID IMDG	 Not regulated as a dangerous good Not regulated as a dangerous good Not regulated as a dangerous good 		
14.6 Special precautions for user			
Remarks	 Special Precautions: Refer to Chapter for special precautions which a user ne needs to comply with in connection with 	eds to be aware of or	
14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code			
Pollution category Ship type Product name Special precautions	 Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable 		

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Additional Information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

: MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

REACH - List of substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV) : Product is not subject to Authorisation under REACH.

Volatile organic compounds : 0 %

Other regulations	Environmental Protection Act 1990 (as amended). Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974. Consumers Protection Act 1987. Pollution Prevention and Control Act 1999. Environment Act 1995. Factories Act 1961. The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment (Amendment) Regulations 2011. Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009. Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (as amended). Merchant Shipping (Dangerous Goods and Marine Pollutants) Regulations 1997. Reporting of Injuries, Diseases and Dangerous Occurrences Regulations 1995 (as amended). Personal Protective Equipment Regulations 2002. Personal Protective Equipment at Work Regulations 1992. Hazardous Waste (England and Wales) Regulations 2005(as amended). Control of Major Accident Hazards Regulations 1999 (as amended). Renewable Transport Fuel Obligations Order 2007 (as amended). Energy Act 2011. Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2010 (as amended). Waste
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	Planning (Hazardous Subs	ulations 2011 (as amended). stances) Act 1990 and associated ental Protection (Controls on ces) Regulations 2011.
The components of this proc	ict are reported in the follow	wing inventories:
EINECS	: All components listed or po	olymer exempt.
TSCA	: All components listed.	
15.2 Chemical Safety Assessmen		
-	t has been carried out for this	s substance/mixture by the supplier.
SECTION 16: Other informatio		
,		
Abbreviations and Acronyms	: The standard abbreviations	s and acronyms used in this
		ip in reference literature (e.g.
	scientific dictionaries) and/	
	ACGIH = American Confer	rence of Governmental Industrial
	Hygienists	
		ent concerning the International
	Carriage of Dangerous Go	ods by Road
		ry of Chemical Substances
	ASTM = American Society	
	BEL = Biological exposure	
	BTEX = Benzene, Toluene CAS = Chemical Abstracts	
	CEFIC = European Chemi	
	CLP = Classification Packa	
	COC = Cleveland Open-C	
	DIN = Deutsches Institut fu	
	DMEL = Derived Minimal E	Effect Level
	DNEL = Derived No Effect	Level
	DSL = Canada Domestic S	
	EC = European Commissio	
	EC50 = Effective Concentr	
	ECETOC = European Cen	ter on Ecotoxicology and
	Toxicology Of Chemicals ECHA = European Chemic	cals Agency
		Inventory of Existing Commercial
	Chemical Substances	History of Existing Commercial

Chemical Substances

Inventory

EL50 = Effective Loading fifty

EWC = European Waste Code

ENCS = Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

GHS = Globally Harmonised System of Classification and

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	Labelling of Chemicals IARC = International Agency for IATA = International Air Transpo IC50 = Inhibitory Concentration f IL50 = Inhibitory Level fifty IMDG = International Maritime D INV = Chinese Chemicals Invent IP346 = Institute of Petroleum t determination of polycyclic arom KECI = Korea Existing Chemical LC50 = Lethal Concentration fifty LD50 = Lethal Loading/Effect LL50 = Lethal Loading fifty MARPOL = International Conver Pollution From Ships NOEC/NOEL = No Observed Eff Observed Effect Level OE_HPV = Occupational Expose PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulati PICCS = Philippine Inventory of Substances PNEC = Predicted No Effect Cor REACH = Registration Evaluatio Chemicals RID = Regulations Relating to In Dangerous Goods by Rail SKIN_DES = Skin Designation STEL = Short term exposure lim TRA = Targeted Risk Assessme TSCA = US Toxic Substances C TWA = Time-Weighted Average vPvB = very Persistent and very	rt Association iifty vangerous Goods tory test method N° 346 for the atics DMSO-extractables Is Inventory / t. ive Loading/Inhibitory loading ntion for the Prevention of fect Concentration / No ure - High Production Volume ve and Toxic Chemicals and Chemical ncentration on And Authorisation Of ternational Carriage of it nt control Act
Further information		
Other information	: No Exposure Scenario annex is sheet as it is a non-classified mix substances.	
	Under Article 31 of REACH, a SI product. Therefore, this SDS has basis to pass on potentially relev under Article 32.	s been created on a voluntary

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This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.