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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name	:	Shell Omala S4 WE 460
Product code	:	001D7859

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Substance/Mixture	Gear lubricant.
Uses advised against	This product must not be used in applications other than those listed in Section 1 without first seeking the advice of the supplier.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Supplier	 Shell UK Oil Products Limited Shell Centre London SE1 7NA United Kingdom
Telephone Telefax Email Contact for Safety Data Sheet	 : (+44) 08007318888 : If you have any enquiries about the content of this SDS please email lubricantSDS@shell.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

: +44-(0) 151-350-4595

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms	:	No Hazard Symbol required	
Signal word	:	No signal word	
Hazard statements	:		PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard

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		according to CLP crite HEALTH HAZARDS: Not classified as a hea criteria. ENVIRONMENTAL H/ Not classified as envir according to CLP crite	alth hazard under CLP AZARDS: onmental hazard
Precautionary statements	 Prevention: Response: Storage: 	No precautionary phra No precautionary phra	ises.
	Disposal:	No precautionary phra No precautionary phra	

2.3 Other hazards

This mixture does not contain any REACH registered substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Used oil may contain harmful impurities.

Not classified as flammable but will burn.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Chemical nature : Blend of polyalkylene glycol and additives.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice		Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal conditions.
Protection of first-aiders	:	When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings.
If inhaled	:	No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.
In case of skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with water and follow by washing with soap if available.
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	If persistent irritation occurs, obtain me	edical attention.	
In case of eye contact	: Flush eye with copious quantities of wa If persistent irritation occurs, obtain me		
If swallowed	: In general no treatment is necessary u are swallowed, however, get medical a	•	
4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed			
Symptoms	 Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms of black pustules and spots on the skir Ingestion may result in nausea, vomitin 	n of exposed areas.	
4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed			
Treatment	: Notes to doctor/physician: Treat symptomatically.		

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	: Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water in a jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising from	the substance or mixture
Specific hazards during firefighting	 Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special protective equipment for firefighters	: Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).
Specific extinguishing methods	: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : 6.1.1 For non emergency personnel:

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	Avoid contact with skin and eyes. 6.1.2 For emergency responders: Avoid contact with skin and eyes.	
6.2 Environmental precautions		
Environmental precautions	: Use appropriate containment to avoid contamination. Prevent from spreadin ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, barriers.	g or entering drains,
	Local authorities should be advised if cannot be contained.	significant spillages
6.3 Methods and materials for co	ntainment and cleaning up	
Methods for cleaning up	 Slippery when spilt. Avoid accide Prevent from spreading by makin or other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an ab Soak up residue with an absorbe suitable material and dispose of p 	g a barrier with sand, earth sorbent. nt such as clay, sand or other

6.4 Reference to other sections

For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Safety Data Sheet., For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Chapter 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

General Precautions	-	Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.
7.1 Precautions for safe handling		
Advice on safe handling		Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning materials in order to prevent fires.
Product Transfer		This material has the potential to be a static accumulator. Proper grounding and bonding procedures should be used during all bulk transfer operations.

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7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities						
Other data	: Keep container tightly closed and in a place. Use properly labeled and closab					
	Store at ambient temperature.					
	Refer to section 15 for any additional s covering the packaging and storage of					
	The storage of this product may be sub Pollution (Oil Storage) (England) Regu guidance may be obtained from the loc agency office.	lations. Further				
Packaging material	: Suitable material: For containers or constainers or constel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: PVC.	ntainer linings, use mild				
Container Advice	: Polyethylene containers should not be temperatures because of possible risk					
7.3 Specific end use(s) Specific use(s)	: Not applicable					

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
Oil mist, mineral		TWA	5 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods

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http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/ Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/ Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/ Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA) , Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measuresThe level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.

Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.

General Information:

Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls.

Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product.

Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation.

Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.

Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle.

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

Personal protective equipment

The provided information is made in consideration of the PPE directive (Council Directive 89/686/EEC) and the CEN European Committee for Standardisation (CEN) standards.

Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

Eye protection	: If material is handled such that it could be splashed into eyes, protective eyewear is recommended. Approved to EU Standard EN166.	
Hand protection		
Remarks	: Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical	

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	resistance of glove material, dexter from glove suppliers. Contaminated replaced. Personal hygiene is a ke care. Gloves must only be worn on gloves, hands should be washed a Application of a non-perfumed moi	d gloves should be y element of effective hand i clean hands. After using nd dried thoroughly.
	For continuous contact we recomm breakthrough time of more than 24 for > 480 minutes where suitable g short-term/splash protection we rec recognize that suitable gloves offer may not be available and in this ca time maybe acceptable so long as and replacement regimes are follow a good predictor of glove resistanc dependent on the exact composition Glove thickness should be typically depending on the glove make and	0 minutes with preference loves can be identified. For commend the same, but ring this level of protection ise a lower breakthrough appropriate maintenance wed. Glove thickness is not e to a chemical as it is on of the glove material. y greater than 0.35 mm
Skin and body protection	: Skin protection is not ordinarily req work clothes. It is good practice to wear chemica	-
Respiratory protection	 No respiratory protection is ordinar conditions of use. In accordance with good industrial precautions should be taken to avoid If engineering controls do not main concentrations to a level which is a health, select respiratory protection specific conditions of use and mee Check with respiratory protective e Where air-filtering respirators are s appropriate combination of mask a Select a filter suitable for combined and vapours [Type A/Type P boilin meeting EN14387 and EN143. 	hygiene practices, bid breathing of material. tain airborne adequate to protect worker n equipment suitable for the ting relevant legislation. equipment suppliers. suitable, select an nd filter. d particulate/organic gases
Thermal hazards	: Not applicable	
Hygiene measures	: Exposure to this product should be reasonably practicable. Reference Health and Safety Executive's public Essentials".	should be made to the

Environmental exposu	ure controls
General advice	: Take appropriate measures to fulfill the requirements of
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	relevant environmental protection leg contamination of the environment by Chapter 6. If necessary, prevent un being discharged to waste water. Wa treated in a municipal or industrial w before discharge to surface water. Local guidelines on emission limits for must be observed for the discharge vapour.	r following advice given in dissolved material from aste water should be aste water treatment plant or volatile substances

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	:	Liquid at room temperature.
Colour	:	colourless
Odour	:	Slight hydrocarbon
Odour Threshold	:	Data not available
рН	:	Not applicable
pour point	:	-36 °CMethod: ISO 3016
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	> 280 °Cestimated value(s)
Flash point	:	268 °C Method: ISO 2592
Evaporation rate	:	Data not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Data not available
Upper explosion limit	:	Typical 10 %(V)
Lower explosion limit	:	Typical 1 %(V)
Vapour pressure	:	< 0.5 Pa (20 °C) estimated value(s)
Relative vapour density	:	> 1estimated value(s)
Relative density	:	1.072 (15 °C)
Density	:	1,072 kg/m3 (15.0 °C) Method: ISO 12185
Solubility(ies)		
Water solubility	:	negligible

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Solubility in other solvents	: Data not available	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Pow: > 6(based on information on simil	lar products)
Auto-ignition temperature	: > 320 °C	
Viscosity		
Viscosity, dynamic	: Data not available	
Viscosity, kinematic	: 460 mm2/s (40.0 °C) Method: Unspecified	
	73.2 mm2/s (100 °C) Method: Unspecified	
Explosive properties	: Not classified	
Oxidizing properties	: Data not available	
9.2 Other information		
Conductivity	: This material is not expected to be a st	atic accumulator.
Decomposition temperature	: Data not available	

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable.

No hazardous reaction is expected when handled and stored according to provisions

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions	: Reacts with strong oxidising agents.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	
Conditions to avoid	: Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
10.5 Incompatible materials	
Materials to avoid	: Strong oxidising agents.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

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Hazardous decomposition products	: Hazardous decomposition products during normal storage.	are not expected to form

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Basis for assessment	:	Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).
Information on likely routes of exposure	:	Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.
Acute toxicity		
Product:		
Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 rat: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity:
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	Remarks: Not considered to be an inhalation hazard under normal conditions of use.
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 Rabbit: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity:

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: For respiratory and skin sensitisation:, Not expected to be a sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

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: Remarks: Not considered a mutagenic hazard.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be carcinogenic.

Material	GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification
Highly refined mineral oil	No carcinogenicity classification.

Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to impair fertility., Not expected to be a developmental toxicant.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Not considered an aspiration hazard.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

Remarks: Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory frameworks may exist.

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Summary on evaluation or Germ cell mutagenicity- Assessment	f the CMR properties : This product does not meet the criter categories 1A/1B.	ria for classification in
Carcinogenicity - Assessment	: This product does not meet the criter categories 1A/1B.	ria for classification in
Reproductive toxicity - Assessment	: This product does not meet the criter categories 1A/1B.	ria for classification in

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Basis for assessment	:	Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract).
Toxicity to fish (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l
Toxicity to crustacean (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)	:	Remarks: Data not available
Toxicity) Toxicity to crustacean (Chronic toxicity)	:	Remarks: Data not available
Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Data not available

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product:

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Biodegradability	: Remarks: Expected to be not readily biodegradable., Major constituents are expected to be inherently biodegradable, but contains components that may persist in the environment.	
12.3 Bioaccumulative potential		
Product:		
Bioaccumulation	 Remarks: Contains components with the potential to bioaccumulate. 	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Pow: > 6Remarks: (based on informa	tion on similar products)
12.4 Mobility in soil		
Product:		
Mobility	 Remarks: Liquid under most environmental conditions., If it enters soil, it will adsorb to soil particles and will not be mobile. Remarks: Floats on water. 	
12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB ass	essment	
Product:		
Assessment	: This mixture does not contain any RE substances that are assessed to be a	ACH registered PBT or a vPvB.
12.6 Other adverse effects		
Product:		
Additional ecological information	 Product is a mixture of non-volatile conserved to be released to air in any Not expected to have ozone depletion photochemical ozone creation potential potential. Poorly soluble mixture., May cause plorganisms. 	significant quantities., n potential, ial or global warming
	organisms.	

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods		
Product	 Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste. 	
	Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements and must be complied with.	
Contaminated packaging	: Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably	
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	to a recognized collector or contractor the collector or contractor should be Disposal should be in accordance win national, and local laws and regulation	established beforehand. ith applicable regional,
Local legislation Waste catalogue	: EU Waste Disposal Code (EWC):	
Waste Code	: 13 02 06*	
Remarks	: Classification of waste is always the user.	responsibility of the end

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number	
ADR	Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID :	Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG :	Not regulated as a dangerous good
IATA	Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.2 Proper shipping name	
ADR :	Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID	Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG :	Not regulated as a dangerous good
IATA	Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.3 Transport hazard class	
ADR :	Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID :	Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG :	Not regulated as a dangerous good
IATA :	Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.4 Packing group	
ADR :	Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID :	Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG :	Not regulated as a dangerous good
IATA :	Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.5 Environmental hazards	
ADR :	Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID :	Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG :	Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.6 Special precautions for user	
Remarks :	Special Precautions: Refer to Chapter 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.
14.7 Transport in bulk according to	needs to comply with in connection with transport. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

	port in built decording to Annex if or mark of 276770 and the ibo obde		
Pollution category	: Not applicable		
Ship type	: Not applicable		

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Product name Special precautions	: Not applicable : Not applicable	
Additional Information	: MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.	
	MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bu	ulk shipments by sea.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Sat Pol 199 and Reg Pac Sul	
Other regulations : Env Sat Pol 199 and Reg Pac Sul	rironmental Protection Act 1990 (as amended). Health and ety at Work etc. Act 1974. Consumers Protection Act 198 ution Prevention and Control Act 1999. Environment Act 5. Factories Act 1961. The Carriage of Dangerous Goods Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment (Amendment) gulations 2011. Chemicals (Hazard Information and skaging for Supply) Regulations 2009. Control of
Sat Pol 199 and Reg Pac Sul	ety at Work etc. Act 1974. Consumers Protection Act 198 ution Prevention and Control Act 1999. Environment Act 5. Factories Act 1961. The Carriage of Dangerous Goods Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment (Amendment) gulations 2011. Chemicals (Hazard Information and kaging for Supply) Regulations 2009. Control of
and Per Pro Wa Cor am (as (Er (Er Pla reg	anded). Merchant Shipping (Dangerous Goods and Marine utants) Regulations 1997. Reporting of Injuries, Diseases Dangerous Occurrences Regulations 1995 (as amended sonal Protective Equipment Regulations 2002. Personal tective Equipment at Work Regulations 1992. Hazardous ste (England and Wales) Regulations 2005(as amended). htrol of Major Accident Hazards Regulations 1999 (as ended). Renewable Transport Fuel Obligations Order 200 amended). Energy Act 2011. Environmental Permitting gland and Wales) Regulations 2010 (as amended). Waste gland and Wales) Regulations 2011 (as amended). hning (Hazardous Substances) Act 1990 and associated ulations. The Environmental Protection (Controls on one-Depleting Substances) Regulations 2011.

EINECS	: All components listed or polymer exem	pt.
TSCA	: All components listed.	

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SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and Acronyms	: The standard abbreviations and acronyms used in this document can be looked up in reference literature (e.g. scientific dictionaries) and/or websites.
	ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
	ADR = European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
	AICS = Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances ASTM = American Society for Testing and Materials
	BEL = Biological exposure limits BTEX = Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, Xylenes
	CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service CEFIC = European Chemical Industry Council
	CLP = Classification Packaging and Labelling COC = Cleveland Open-Cup
	DIN = Deutsches Institut fur Normung DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
	DNEL = Derived No Effect Level DSL = Canada Domestic Substance List
	EC = European Commission EC50 = Effective Concentration fifty
	ECETOC = European Center on Ecotoxicology and Toxicology Of Chemicals
	ECHA = European Chemicals Agency EINECS = The European Inventory of Existing Commercial
	Chemical Substances EL50 = Effective Loading fifty
	ENCS = Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances Inventory
	EWC = European Waste Code GHS = Globally Harmonised System of Classification and
	Labelling of Chemicals IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer
	IATA = International Air Transport Association IC50 = Inhibitory Concentration fifty
	IL50 = Inhibitory Level fifty IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
	INV = Chinese Chemicals Inventory IP346 = Institute of Petroleum test method N° 346 for the
	determination of polycyclic aromatics DMSO-extractables KECI = Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
	LC50 = Lethal Concentration fifty LD50 = Lethal Dose fifty per cent.
	LL/EL/IL = Lethal Loading/Effective Loading/Inhibitory loading LL50 = Lethal Loading fifty

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	MARPOL = International Convention Pollution From Ships NOEC/NOEL = No Observed Effect Observed Effect Level OE_HPV = Occupational Exposure PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative PICCS = Philippine Inventory of Ch Substances PNEC = Predicted No Effect Conce REACH = Registration Evaluation / Chemicals RID = Regulations Relating to Inter Dangerous Goods by Rail SKIN_DES = Skin Designation STEL = Short term exposure limit TRA = Targeted Risk Assessment TSCA = US Toxic Substances Con TWA = Time-Weighted Average vPvB = very Persistent and very Bin	et Concentration / No e - High Production Volume and Toxic hemicals and Chemical entration And Authorisation Of mational Carriage of
Further information		
Other information	 No Exposure Scenario annex is att sheet. It is a non-classified mixture substances as detailed in Section 3 Exposure Scenarios for the hazard have been integrated into the core A vertical bar () in the left margin in from the previous version. 	containing hazardous 3; relevant information from ous substances contained sections 1-16 of this SDS.

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.