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## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Trade name	:	Shell Spirax S2 G 80W-90
Product code	:	001D8261

## 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Substance/Mixture	Transmission oil.
Uses advised against	This product must not be used in applications other than those listed in Section 1 without first seeking the advice of the supplier.

## 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Supplier	<ul> <li>Shell UK Oil Products Limited</li> <li>Shell Centre</li> <li>London</li> <li>SE1 7NA</li> <li>United Kingdom</li> </ul>
Telephone Telefax Email Contact for Safety Data Sheet	<ul> <li>: (+44) 08007318888</li> <li>: If you have any enquiries about the content of this SDS please email lubricantSDS@shell.com</li> </ul>

## 1.4 Emergency telephone number

: +44-(0) 151-350-4595

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

## 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

## 2.2 Label elements

## Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms	:	No Hazard Symbol required	
Signal word	:	No signal word	
Hazard statements	:		PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard

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		according to CLP criteria HEALTH HAZARDS: Not classified as a health criteria. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZ Not classified as enviror according to CLP criteria	h hazard under CLP ZARDS: Imental hazard
Precautionary statements	Prevention:	No precautionary phrase	es.
	Response: Storage:	No precautionary phrase	es.
	Disposal:	No precautionary phrase	

## 2.3 Other hazards

This mixture does not contain any REACH registered substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Used oil may contain harmful impurities.

Not classified as flammable but will burn.

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

## 3.2 Mixtures

Chemical nature

: Highly refined mineral oils and additives. The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSOextract, according to IP346.

: \* contains one or more of the following CAS-numbers (REACH registration numbers): 64742-53-6 (01-2119480375-34), 64742-54-7 (01-2119484627-25), 64742-55-8 (01-2119487077-29), 64742-56-9 (01-2119480132-48), 64742-65-0 (01-2119471299-27), 68037-01-4 (01-2119486452-34), 72623-86-0 (01-2119474878-16), 72623-87-1 (01-2119474889-13), 8042-47-5 (01-2119487078-27), 848301-69-9 (01-0000020163-82).

## Hazardous components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No. Registration number	Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)	Concentration [%]
Interchangeable low viscosity base oil		Asp. Tox.1; H304	0 - 90

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Shell Spirax S2 G 80V	V-90	
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(<20.5 cSt @40°C) *		

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

## 4.1 Description of first aid measures General advice : Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal conditions. Protection of first-aiders : When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings. If inhaled : No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice. In case of skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with water and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention. In case of eye contact : Flush eye with copious quantities of water. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention. If swallowed : In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are swallowed, however, get medical advice. 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed Symptoms : Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include formation of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed areas. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea. 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed Treatment : Notes to doctor/physician: Treat symptomatically.

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

## 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	: Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water in a jet.	
Special hazards arising from	the substance or mixture	
Specific hazards during	: Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex	(

# 5.2 S

Specific hazards during	<ul> <li>Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex</li></ul>
firefighting	mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases
monghang	

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	(smoke). Carbon monoxide may be e combustion occurs. Unidentified orga compounds.	
5.3 Advice for firefighters		
Special protective equipment for firefighters	: Proper protective equipment including gloves are to be worn; chemical resist large contact with spilled product is e Breathing Apparatus must be worn w a confined space. Select fire fighter's relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN	stant suit is indicated if xpected. Self-Contained /hen approaching a fire in clothing approved to
Specific extinguishing methods	: Use extinguishing measures that are circumstances and the surrounding e	appropriate to local

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

## 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : 6.1.1 For non emergency personnel: Avoid contact with skin and eyes. 6.1.2 For emergency responders: Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
--

## 6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions	: Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.
	Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

# cannot be contained.

## 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up	:	Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth or other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an absorbent. Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other suitable material and dispose of properly.
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## 6.4 Reference to other sections

For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Safety Data Sheet., For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Chapter 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage			
General Precautions :	Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.		
7.1 Precautions for safe handling			
Advice on safe handling :	Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning materials in order to prevent fires.		
Product Transfer :	This material has the potential to be a static accumulator. Proper grounding and bonding procedures should be used during all bulk transfer operations.		
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, inc	luding any incompatibilities		
Other data :	Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place. Use properly labeled and closable containers.		
	Store at ambient temperature.		
	Refer to section 15 for any additional specific legislation covering the packaging and storage of this product.		
	The storage of this product may be subject to the Control of Pollution (Oil Storage) (England) Regulations. Further guidance may be obtained from the local environmental agency office.		
Packaging material :	Suitable material: For containers or container linings, use mild steel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: PVC.		
Container Advice :	Polyethylene containers should not be exposed to high temperatures because of possible risk of distortion.		
7.3 Specific end use(s)			
Specific use(s) :	Not applicable		

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### **Occupational Exposure Limits**

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
Oil mist, mineral		TWA	5 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

### Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

#### **Monitoring Methods**

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

**Engineering measures**The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.

Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.

General Information:

Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls.

Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product.

Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation.

Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.

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Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

#### Personal protective equipment

The provided information is made in consideration of the PPE directive (Council Directive 89/686/EEC) and the CEN European Committee for Standardisation (CEN) standards.

Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

Eye protection	If material is handled such that it could be splashed into eyes, protective eyewear is recommended. Approved to EU Standard EN166.	
Hand protection		
Remarks	Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended.	
	For continuous contact we recommend gloves with breakthrough time of more than 240 minutes with preference for > 480 minutes where suitable gloves can be identified. For short-term/splash protection we recommend the same, but recognize that suitable gloves offering this level of protection may not be available and in this case a lower breakthrough time maybe acceptable so long as appropriate maintenance and replacement regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not a good predictor of glove resistance to a chemical as it is dependent on the exact composition of the glove material. Glove thickness should be typically greater than 0.35 mm depending on the glove make and model.	
Skin and body protection	Skin protection is not ordinarily required beyond standard work clothes. It is good practice to wear chemical resistant gloves.	
Respiratory protection	No respiratory protection is ordinarily required under normal	
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	conditions of use. In accordance with good industrial I precautions should be taken to avo If engineering controls do not maint concentrations to a level which is a health, select respiratory protection specific conditions of use and meet Check with respiratory protective ec Where air-filtering respirators are st appropriate combination of mask ar Select a filter suitable for combined and vapours [Type A/Type P boiling meeting EN14387 and EN143.	id breathing of material. tain airborne dequate to protect worker equipment suitable for the ing relevant legislation. quipment suppliers. uitable, select an nd filter. particulate/organic gases
Thermal hazards	: Not applicable	
Hygiene measures	: Exposure to this product should be reasonably practicable. Reference Health and Safety Executive's publi Essentials".	should be made to the
Environmental exposure	e controls	
General advice	<ul> <li>Take appropriate measures to fulfill relevant environmental protection le contamination of the environment b Chapter 6. If necessary, prevent un being discharged to waste water. W treated in a municipal or industrial w before discharge to surface water. Local guidelines on emission limits must be observed for the discharge vapour.</li> </ul>	egislation. Avoid y following advice given in ndissolved material from /aste water should be waste water treatment plant for volatile substances

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

# 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	: Liquid at room temperature.
Colour	: amber
Odour	: Slight hydrocarbon
Odour Threshold	: Data not available
рН	: Not applicable
pour point	: -27 °CMethod: ISO 3016

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Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	> 280 °Cestimated value(s)	
Flash point	:	175 °C Method: ISO 2592	
Evaporation rate	:	Data not available	
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Data not available	
Upper explosion limit	:	Typical 10 %(V)	
Lower explosion limit	:	Typical 1 %(V)	
Vapour pressure	:	< 0.5 Pa (20 °C) estimated value(s)	
Relative vapour density	:	> 1estimated value(s)	
Relative density	:	0.900 (15 °C)	
Density	:	900 kg/m3 (15.0 °C) Method: ISO 12185	
Solubility(ies)			
Water solubility	:	negligible	
Solubility in other solvents	:	Data not available	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Pow: > 6(based on information on similar p	products)
Auto-ignition temperature	:	> 320 °C	
Viscosity			
Viscosity, dynamic	:	Data not available	
Viscosity, kinematic	:	146 mm2/s (40.0 °C) Method: ISO 3104	
		14.7 mm2/s (100 °C) Method: ISO 3104	
Explosive properties	:	Not classified	
Oxidizing properties	:	Data not available	

## 9.2 Other information

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Conductivity Decomposition temperature	<ul><li>This material is not expected to be a</li><li>Data not available</li></ul>	a static accumulator.
SECTION 10: Stability and rea	activity	

## 10.1 Reactivity

The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.

## 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable.

No hazardous reaction is expected when handled and stored according to provisions

## 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions :	Reacts with strong oxidising agents.
<b>10.4 Conditions to avoid</b> Conditions to avoid :	Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
<b>10.5 Incompatible materials</b> Materials to avoid :	Strong oxidising agents.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition proc	ducts
Hazardous decomposition : products	Hazardous decomposition products are not expected to form during normal storage.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

	Basis for assessment	:	Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).
	Information on likely routes of exposure	:	Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.
Acı	ute toxicity <u>Product:</u>		
	Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 rat: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity:

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Acute inhalation toxicity	: Remarks: Not considered to be an inhalation hazard under normal conditions of use.	
Acute dermal toxicity	: LD50 Rabbit: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxic	city:

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

## Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

## Serious eye damage/eye irritation

## Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating.

## Respiratory or skin sensitisation

#### Product:

Remarks: For respiratory and skin sensitisation:, Not expected to be a sensitiser.

## Germ cell mutagenicity

## Product:

: Remarks: Not considered a mutagenic hazard.

## Carcinogenicity

#### Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be carcinogenic.

Remarks: Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be non-carcinogenic in animal skinpainting studies., Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

Material	GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification
Highly refined mineral oil	No carcinogenicity classification.

## Reproductive toxicity

## Product:

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Remarks: Not expected to impair fertility., Not expected to be a developmental toxicant.

## STOT - single exposure

## Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

## STOT - repeated exposure

## Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

#### Aspiration toxicity

## Product:

Not considered an aspiration hazard.

#### Further information

## Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

Remarks: Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory frameworks may exist.

## Summary on evaluation of the CMR properties

Germ cell mutagenicity- Assessment	: This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.	
Carcinogenicity - Assessment	: This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.	
Reproductive toxicity - Assessment	: This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.	

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## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

## 12.1 Toxicity

Basis for assessment Product:	:	Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract).
Tioddet.		
Toxicity to fish (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l
Toxicity to crustacean (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)	:	Remarks: Data not available
Toxicity to crustacean (Chronic toxicity)	:	Remarks: Data not available
Toxicity to microorganisms		
(Acute toxicity)	•	Remarks: Data not available

## 12.2 Persistence and degradability

# Product:

Biodegradability	: Remarks: Expected to be not readily biodegradable., Major constituents are expected to be inherently biodegradable, but contains components that may persist in the environment.
12.3 Bioaccumulative potential	
Product:	
Bioaccumulation	: Remarks: Contains components with the potential to bioaccumulate.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Pow: > 6Remarks: (based on information on similar products)
12.4 Mobility in soil	

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Product:			
Mobility			
12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment			
Product:			
Assessment	: This mixture does not contain any REA substances that are assessed to be a l		
12.6 Other adverse effects			
Product:			
Additional ecological information	<ul> <li>Product is a mixture of non-volatile correspected to be released to air in any since the second depletion photochemical ozone creation potential potential.</li> <li>Poorly soluble mixture., May cause phyorganisms.</li> <li>Mineral oil is not expected to cause an aquatic organisms at concentrations lephotochemical organisms.</li> </ul>	ignificant quantities., potential, al or global warming ysical fouling of aquatic y chronic effects to	

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

13.1 Waste treatment methods	
Product	: Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste.
	Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements and must be complied with.
Contaminated packaging	: Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.
Local legislation Waste catalogue	: EU Waste Disposal Code (EWC):
Waste Code	: 13 02 05*
Remarks	: Classification of waste is always the responsibility of the end
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user.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

14.1 UN number	
ADR	Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID	Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	Not regulated as a dangerous good
ΙΑΤΑ	Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.2 Proper shipping name	
ADR	Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID	Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	Not regulated as a dangerous good
ΙΑΤΑ	Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.3 Transport hazard class	
ADR	Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID	Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	Not regulated as a dangerous good
ΙΑΤΑ	Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.4 Packing group	
ADR	Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID	Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	Not regulated as a dangerous good
ΙΑΤΑ	Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.5 Environmental hazards	
ADR	Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID	Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.6 Special precautions for user	
Remarks	Special Precautions: Refer to Chapter 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.
	Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Dollution optogon/	Not oppliable

#### Pollution category : Not applicable Ship type : Not applicable Product name : Not applicable

Product name	: Not applicable
Special precautions	: Not applicable
Additional Information	: MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

## 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH - List of substances subject to authorisation : Product is not subject to

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(Annex XIV)	Authorisat	ion under REACH.
Volatile organic compounds	: 0%	
Other regulations	: Environmental Protection Act 1990 (a Safety at Work etc. Act 1974. Consum Pollution Prevention and Control Act 1995. Factories Act 1961. The Carria and Use of Transportable Pressure E Regulations 2011. Chemicals (Hazard Packaging for Supply) Regulations 20 Substances Hazardous to Health Reg amended). Merchant Shipping (Dang Pollutants) Regulations 1997. Reporti and Dangerous Occurrences Regulat Personal Protective Equipment Regul Protective Equipment at Work Regula Waste (England and Wales) Regulation Control of Major Accident Hazards Re amended). Energy Act 2011. Envi (England and Wales) Regulations 207 (England and Wales) Regulations 207 Planning (Hazardous Substances) Act regulations. The Environmental Prote	ners Protection Act 1987. 1999. Environment Act ge of Dangerous Goods quipment (Amendment) d Information and 009. Control of gulations 2002 (as erous Goods and Marine ing of Injuries, Diseases ions 1995 (as amended). lations 2002. Personal ations 1992. Hazardous ons 2005(as amended). egulations 1999 (as el Obligations Order 2007 ironmental Permitting 10 (as amended). Waste 11 (as amended). t 1990 and associated ction (Controls on

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

EINECS/ELINCS/EC	: All co	omponents listed or polymer exempt.
TSCA	All co	omponents listed.

## 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture by the supplier.

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

Full text of H-Sta	atements			
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.			
Full text of other	Full text of other abbreviations			
Asp. Tox.	Aspiration hazard			
Abbreviations and	Acronyms : The standard abbreviations and acronyms used in this document can be looked up in reference literature (e.g.			

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/ersion 2.2	Revision Date 27.01.2016	Print Date 28.01.201	
	scientific dictionaries) and/or website	es.	
	ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists ADR = European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road AICS = Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances		
	AICS = Australian Inventory of Cherr ASTM = American Society for Testin		
	BEL = Biological exposure limits		
	BTEX = Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbe	nzene, Xylenes	
	CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service	ry Council	
		CEFIC = European Chemical Industry Council CLP = Classification Packaging and Labelling	
	COC = Cleveland Open-Cup	2000119	
	DIN = Deutsches Institut fur Normun	•	
	DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Leve	el	
	DNEL = Derived No Effect Level	Liet	
	DSL = Canada Domestic Substance List EC = European Commission		
	EC50 = Effective Concentration fifty		
	ECETOC = European Center on Ecotoxicology and Toxicology Of Chemicals ECHA = European Chemicals Agency EINECS = The European Inventory of Existing Comm		
	Chemical Substances	or Existing Commercial	
	EL50 = Effective Loading fifty		
	ENCS = Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances		
	Inventory		
	EWC = European Waste Code GHS = Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals		
	IARC = International Agency for Res	search on Cancer	
	IATA = International Air Transport As		
	IC50 = Inhibitory Concentration fifty		
	IL50 = Inhibitory Level fifty		
	IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods INV = Chinese Chemicals Inventory		
	IP346 = Institute of Petroleum test	method N° 346 for the	
	determination of polycyclic aromatics		
	KECI = Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory		
	LC50 = Lethal Concentration fifty		
	LD50 = Lethal Dose fifty per cent. LL/EL/IL = Lethal Loading/Effective I	ogding/Inhibitory logding	
	LL50 = Lethal Loading fifty	Loading/initiotory loading	
	MARPOL = International Convention	n for the Prevention of	
	Pollution From Ships NOEC/NOEL = No Observed Effect Concentration / No		
	Observed Effect Level	High Droduction Volume	
	OE_HPV = Occupational Exposure - High Production Volume PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic		
	PICCS = Philippine Inventory of Che		
	Substances		
	PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concer	ntration	

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	REACH = Registration Evaluation And Authorisation Of Chemicals RID = Regulations Relating to International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail SKIN_DES = Skin Designation STEL = Short term exposure limit TRA = Targeted Risk Assessment TSCA = US Toxic Substances Control Act TWA = Time-Weighted Average vPvB = very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative	
Further information		
Other information	<ul> <li>er information</li> <li>No Exposure Scenario annex is attached to this safety data sheet. It is a non-classified mixture containing hazardous substances as detailed in Section 3; relevant information fr Exposure Scenarios for the hazardous substances contain have been integrated into the core sections 1-16 of this SE A vertical bar ( ) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.</li> </ul>	

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.