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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

| Trade name | : | Shell Spirax S2 ATF AX |
|--------------|---|------------------------|
| Product code | : | 001D8295 |

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

| Use of the Substance/Mixture | Transmission oil. |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Uses advised against | This product must not be used in applications other than those listed in Section 1 without first seeking the advice of the supplier. |

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

| Manufacturer/Supplier | : Shell UK Oil Products Limited Shell Centre London SE1 7NA United Kingdom |
|--|--|
| Telephone Telefax Email Contact for Safety Data Sheet | : (+44) 08007318888 : If you have any enquiries about the content of this SDS please email lubricantSDS@shell.com |

1.4 Emergency telephone number

: +44-(0) 151-350-4595

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

| Chronic aquatic toxicity, Category 3 | H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
|---|--|
| Classification (67/548/EEC, 1999/45/EC) | |
| Dangerous for the environment | P52/53: Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause |

Dangerous for the environment

R52/53: Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

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|--------------------------|---|---|--|---------------------------|
| Hazard pictograms | : | No Hazard Symbo | l required | |
| Signal word | : | No signal word | | |
| Hazard statements | : | H412 | PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physic according to CLP criteria HEALTH HAZARDS: Not classified as a health criteria. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZ Harmful to aquatic life wir effects. | hazard under CLP ARDS: |
| Precautionary statements | : | Prevention: P273 Response: Storage: Disposal: P501 | Avoid release to the envi No precautionary phrase No precautionary phrase Dispose of contents/ con approved waste disposal | s. s. tainer to an |

| Sensitising components : | Contains ethoxylated amine. Contains substituted hydrocarbyl sulphide. May produce an allergic reaction. |
|--------------------------|--|
| | |

2.3 Other hazards

This mixture does not contain any REACH registered substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Used oil may contain harmful impurities.

Not classified as flammable but will burn.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

| Chemical nature | Highly refined mineral oils and additives. The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSO- extract, according to IP346. |
|-----------------|--|
| | * contains one or more of the following CAS-numbers (REACH registration numbers): 64742-53-6 (01-2119480375- 34), 64742-54-7 (01-2119484627-25), 64742-55-8 (01- 2119487077-29), 64742-56-9 (01-2119480132-48), 64742-65- 0 (01-2119471299-27), 68037-01-4 (01-2119486452-34), |

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72623-86-0 (01-2119474878-16), 72623-87-1 (01-2119474889-13), 8042-47-5 (01-2119487078-27), 848301-69-9 (01-0000020163-82).

Hazardous components

| Chemical Name | CAS-No. EC-No. Registration number | Classification (67/548/EEC) | Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008) | Concentration [%] |
|--|--|--------------------------------|--|----------------------|
| Substituted hydrocarbyl sulphide | 67124-09-8 266-582-5 / 01- 2119953277-30 | Xi-N; R43- R50/53 | Skin Sens.1; H317 Aquatic Acute1; H400 Aquatic Chronic1; H410 | 0.25 - 0.9 |
| Ethoxylated alkylamine | 25307-17-9 246-807-3 | C-Xi-N; R22- R34-R43-R50 | Acute Tox.4; H302 Skin Corr.1B; H314 Skin Sens.1; H317 Aquatic Acute1; H400 | 0.1 - 0.9 |
| Interchangeable low viscosity base oil (<20,5 cSt @40°C) * | | | Asp. Tox.1; H304 | 0 - 90 |

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

| General advice | Not expected to be a health hazard when used conditions. | under normal |
|----------------------------|--|---------------|
| Protection of first-aiders | When administering first aid, ensure that you a appropriate personal protective equipment accorn ncident, injury and surroundings. | • |
| If inhaled | No treatment necessary under normal condition f symptoms persist, obtain medical advice. | ns of use. |
| In case of skin contact | Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed water and follow by washing with soap if availa f persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical atte | ble. |
| In case of eye contact | Flush eye with copious quantities of water. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical att | ention. |
| If swallowed | n general no treatment is necessary unless lar are swallowed, however, get medical advice. | ge quantities |

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

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| Symptoms | : Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptom of black pustules and spots on the ski Ingestion may result in nausea, vomit | n of exposed areas. |
| 4.3 Indication of any imme | ediate medical attention and special treatment | needed |
| Treatment | : Notes to doctor/physician: | |

| Treatment | : Notes to doctor/physicial |
|-----------|-----------------------------|
| | Treat symptomatically. |

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

| Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media 5.2 Special hazards arising from | Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only. Do not use water in a jet. the substance or mixture |
|--|---|
| Specific hazards during firefighting | : Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds. |
| 5.3 Advice for firefighters | |
| Special protective equipment for firefighters | : Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469). |
| Specific extinguishing methods | : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. |

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

| Personal precautions | 6.1.1 For non emergency personnel: Avoid contact with skin and eyes. 6.1.2 For emergency responders: |
|----------------------|---|
| | Avoid contact with skin and eyes. |

6.2 Environmental precautions

| Environmental precautions | : Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, |
|---------------------------|---|
| | |

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|-----------------------------------|---|---|
| | ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or barriers. | other appropriate |
| | Local authorities should be advised if sig cannot be contained. | gnificant spillages |
| 6.3 Methods and materials for cor | ntainment and cleaning up | |
| Methods for cleaning up | : Slippery when spilt. Avoid accident Prevent from spreading by making a or other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an abso Soak up residue with an absorbent suitable material and dispose of pro | a barrier with sand, earth rbent. such as clay, sand or other |
| 6.4 Reference to other sections | | |

For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Safety Data Sheet., For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Chapter 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

| General Precautions : | Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material. |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| 7.1 Precautions for safe handling | |
| Advice on safe handling : | Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning materials in order to prevent fires. |
| Product Transfer : | This material has the potential to be a static accumulator. Proper grounding and bonding procedures should be used during all bulk transfer operations. |
| 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, inc | luding any incompatibilities |
| Other data : | Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place. Use properly labeled and closable containers. |
| | Store at ambient temperature. |
| | Refer to section 15 for any additional specific legislation covering the packaging and storage of this product. |
| | |

| | 7.0.1 | |
|--|---|-----------------------------|
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| | The storage of this product may be Pollution (Oil Storage) (England) Re guidance may be obtained from the agency office. | gulations. Further |
| Packaging material | : Suitable material: For containers or steel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: PVC. | container linings, use mild |
| Container Advice | : Polyethylene containers should not temperatures because of possible ri | |
| 7.3 Specific end use(s) Specific use(s) | : Not applicable | |

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

| Components | CAS-No. | Value type (Form of exposure) | Control parameters | Basis |
|-------------------|---------|-------------------------------|--------------------|--|
| Oil mist, mineral | | TWA | 5 mg/m3 | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values |

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

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Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.

Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.

General Information:

Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls.

Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product.

Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation.

Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.

Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle.

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

Personal protective equipment

The provided information is made in consideration of the PPE directive (Council Directive 89/686/EEC) and the CEN European Committee for Standardisation (CEN) standards.

Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

| Eye protection | : | If material is handled such that it could be splashed into eyes, protective eyewear is recommended. Approved to EU Standard EN166. |
|-----------------|---|---|
| Hand protection | | |
| Remarks | : | Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using |
| | | |

| nell Spirax S2 ATF A | X | |
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| | gloves, hands should be washed and Application of a non-perfumed moist For continuous contact we recomme | urizer is recommended. |
| | breakthrough time of more than 240 for > 480 minutes where suitable glo short-term/splash protection we reco recognize that suitable gloves offerin may not be available and in this case time maybe acceptable so long as a and replacement regimes are followe a good predictor of glove resistance dependent on the exact composition Glove thickness should be typically g depending on the glove make and m | ves can be identified. For ommend the same, but ng this level of protection e a lower breakthrough ppropriate maintenance ed. Glove thickness is not to a chemical as it is of the glove material. greater than 0.35 mm |
| Skin and body protection | Skin protection is not ordinarily requi work clothes. It is good practice to wear chemical | |
| Respiratory protection | : No respiratory protection is ordinarily conditions of use. In accordance with good industrial h precautions should be taken to avoid If engineering controls do not mainta concentrations to a level which is ad health, select respiratory protection of specific conditions of use and meetin Check with respiratory protective equination Where air-filtering respirators are su appropriate combination of mask and Select a filter suitable for combined p and vapors [Type A/Type P boiling p meeting EN14387 and EN143. | ygiene practices, d breathing of material. ain airborne equate to protect worker equipment suitable for the ng relevant legislation. uipment suppliers. itable, select an d filter. particulate/organic gases |
| Thermal hazards | : Not applicable | |
| Hygiene measures | : Exposure to this product should be r reasonably practicable. Reference s Health and Safety Executive's public Essentials". | hould be made to the |
| Environmental exposure c | ontrols | |
| General advice | : Take appropriate measures to fulfill | the requirements of |

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|-------------|--|-------------------------|
| | treated in a municipal or industrial w before discharge to surface water. Local guidelines on emission limits must be observed for the discharge vapour. | for volatile substances |

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

| 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| Appearance | : | Liquid at room temperature. | | |
| Colour | : | red | | |
| Odour | : | Slight hydrocarbon | | |
| Odour Threshold | : | Data not available | | |
| pН | : | Not applicable | | |
| pour point | : | -45 °CMethod: ISO 3016 | | |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range | : | > 280 °Cestimated value(s) | | |
| Flash point | : | 180 °C Method: ISO 2592 | | |
| Evaporation rate | : | Data not available | | |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | : | Data not available | | |
| Upper explosion limit | : | Typical 10 %(V) | | |
| Lower explosion limit | : | Typical 1 %(V) | | |
| Vapour pressure | : | < 0.5 Pa (20 °C) estimated value(s) | | |
| Relative vapour density | : | > 1estimated value(s) | | |
| Relative density | : | 0.874 (15 °C) | | |
| Density | : | 874 kg/m3 (15.0 °C) Method: ISO 12185 | | |
| Solubility(ies) | | | | |
| Water solubility | : | negligible | | |
| Solubility in other solvents | : | Data not available | | |
| Partition coefficient: n- | : | Pow: > 6(based on information on similar products) | | |

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|---------------------------|--|-----------------------|
| octanol/water | | |
| Auto-ignition temperature | : > 320 °C | |
| Viscosity | | |
| Viscosity, dynamic | : Data not available | |
| Viscosity, kinematic | : 34.6 mm2/s (40.0 °C) Method: ISO 3104 | |
| | 7.1 mm2/s (100 °C) Method: ISO 3104 | |
| Explosive properties | : Not classified | |
| Oxidizing properties | : Data not available | |
| 9.2 Other information | | |
| | | |

| Conductivity | : | This material is not expected to be a static accumulator. |
|---------------------------|---|---|
| Decomposition temperature | : | Data not available |

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable.

No hazardous reaction is expected when handled and stored according to provisions

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

| : Reacts with strong oxidising agents. |
|--|
| |
| : Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight. |
| |
| : Strong oxidising agents. |
| roducts |
| : Hazardous decomposition products are not expected to form during normal storage. |
| |

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

| Basis for assessment | : | Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s). |
|--|---|---|
| Information on likely routes of exposure | : | Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion. |
| Acute toxicity | | |
| Product: | | |
| Acute oral toxicity | : | LD50 rat: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity: |
| Acute inhalation toxicity | : | Remarks: Not considered to be an inhalation hazard under normal conditions of use. |
| Acute dermal toxicity | : | LD50 Rabbit: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity: |

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: For respiratory and skin sensitisation:, Not expected to be a sensitiser.

Components:

Ethoxylated alkylamine:

Remarks: May cause an allergic skin reaction in sensitive individuals.

Germ cell mutagenicity

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Product:

: Remarks: Not considered a mutagenic hazard.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be carcinogenic.

Remarks: Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be non-carcinogenic in animal skinpainting studies., Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

| Material | GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification |
|----------------------------|--|
| Highly refined mineral oil | No carcinogenicity classification. |

Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to impair fertility., Not expected to be a developmental toxicant.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Not considered an aspiration hazard.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the

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environment on disposal., ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

Remarks: Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory frameworks may exist.

Summary on evaluation of the CMR properties

| Germ cell mutagenicity- Assessment | : | This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B. |
|---------------------------------------|---|---|
| Carcinogenicity - Assessment | : | This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B. |
| Reproductive toxicity - Assessment | : | This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B. |

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

| Basis for assessment | Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract). |
|---|--|
| Product: | |
| Toxicity to fish (Acute toxicity) | Remarks: Expected to be harmful: LL/EL/IL50 10-100 mg/I |
| Toxicity to crustacean (Acute toxicity) | Remarks: Expected to be harmful: LL/EL/IL50 10-100 mg/l |
| Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants (Acute toxicity) | Remarks: Expected to be harmful: LL/EL/IL50 10-100 mg/l |
| Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) | Remarks: Data not available |
| Toxicity to crustacean (Chronic toxicity) | Remarks: Data not available |
| Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity) | Remarks: Data not available |

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| <u>Components:</u> Ethoxylated alkylamine : | |
|--|---|
| M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity) | : 10 |
| 12.2 Persistence and degradability | / |
| Product: | |
| Biodegradability | : Remarks: Expected to be not readily biodegradable., Major constituents are expected to be inherently biodegradable, but contains components that may persist in the environment. |
| 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential | |
| Product: | |
| Bioaccumulation | : Remarks: Contains components with the potential to bioaccumulate. |
| Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water | : Pow: > 6Remarks: (based on information on similar products) |
| 12.4 Mobility in soil | |
| Product: | |
| Mobility | Remarks: Liquid under most environmental conditions., If it enters soil, it will adsorb to soil particles and will not be mobile. Remarks: Floats on water. |
| 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB ass | essment |
| Product: | |
| Assessment | This mixture does not contain any REACH registered substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB. |
| 12.6 Other adverse effects | |
| Product: | |
| Additional ecological information | Product is a mixture of non-volatile components, which are not expected to be released to air in any significant quantities., Not expected to have ozone depletion potential, photochemical ozone creation potential or global warming potential. Poorly soluble mixture., May cause physical fouling of aquatic organisms. Mineral oil is not expected to cause any chronic effects to aquatic organisms at concentrations less than 1 mg/l. |

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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

| 13.1 Waste treatment methods | |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| Product | Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses |
| Contaminated packaging | : Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations. |
| Local legislation Waste catalogue | : |
| | EU Waste Disposal Code (EWC): |
| Waste Code | : |
| | 13 02 05* |
| Remarks | : Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations. |
| | Classification of waste is always the responsibility of the end user. |

SECTION 14: Transport information

| 14.1 UN number | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| ADR | : Not regulated as a dangerous good |
| RID | : Not regulated as a dangerous good |
| IMDG | : Not regulated as a dangerous good |
| ΙΑΤΑ | : Not regulated as a dangerous good |
| 14.2 Proper shipping name | |
| ADR | : Not regulated as a dangerous good |
| RID | : Not regulated as a dangerous good |
| IMDG | : Not regulated as a dangerous good |
| ΙΑΤΑ | : Not regulated as a dangerous good |
| 14.3 Transport hazard class | |
| ADR | : Not regulated as a dangerous good |
| | |

Version 4.0 Revision Date 17.04.2015 Print Date 18.04.2015 RID : Not regulated as a dangerous good IMDG : Not regulated as a dangerous good ΙΑΤΑ • Not regulated as a dangerous good 14.4 Packing group ADR Not regulated as a dangerous good Not regulated as a dangerous good RID IMDG Not regulated as a dangerous good ΙΑΤΑ Not regulated as a dangerous good 14.5 Environmental hazards ADR Not regulated as a dangerous good RID Not regulated as a dangerous good IMDG Not regulated as a dangerous good 14.6 Special precautions for user Remarks Special Precautions: Refer to Chapter 7, Handling & Storage, • for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport. 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Pollution category Not applicable Ship type Not applicable Product name Not applicable · Special precautions Not applicable : Additional Information : MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

: Product is not subject to

Authorisation under REACH.

REACH - List of substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV)

Volatile organic compounds : 0 %

Other regulations: Environmental Protection Act 1990 (as amended). Health and
Safety at Work etc. Act 1974. Consumers Protection Act 1987.
Pollution Prevention and Control Act 1999. Environment Act
1995. Factories Act 1961. The Carriage of Dangerous Goods
and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment (Amendment)
Regulations 2011. Chemicals (Hazard Information and
Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009. Control of
Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (as
amended). Merchant Shipping (Dangerous Goods and Marine
Pollutants) Regulations 1997. Reporting of Injuries, Diseases
and Dangerous Occurrences Regulations 2002. Personal
Protective Equipment at Work Regulations 1992. Hazardous

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| | Waste (England and Wales) Regula Control of Major Accident Hazards F amended). Renewable Transport Fu (as amended). Energy Act 2011. En (England and Wales) Regulations 20 (England and Wales) Regulations 20 Planning (Hazardous Substances) A regulations. The Environmental Prot Ozone-Depleting Substances) Regu | Regulations 1999 (as uel Obligations Order 2007 wironmental Permitting 010 (as amended). Waste 011 (as amended). Act 1990 and associated tection (Controls on |

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

| EINECS | : | All components listed or polymer exempt. |
|--------|---|--|
| TSCA | : | All components listed. |

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture by the supplier.

SECTION 16: Other information

| REGULATION (EC) No | 1272/2008 | Classification procedure: | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Chronic aquatic toxicity, H412 | Category 3, | Expert judgement and weight of evidence determination. | | |
| - | | | | |
| Full text of R-Phrases | | | | |
| R22 | Also harmful if swal | llowed. | | |
| R34 | Causes burns. | | | |
| R43 | | ation by skin contact. | | |
| R50 | Very toxic to aquati | • | | |
| R50/53 | | c organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in | | |
| | the aquatic environ | ment. | | |
| Full text of H-Statemer | nts | | | |
| H302 | Harmful if swallowe | | | |
| H304 | | lowed and enters airways. | | |
| H314 | | n burns and eye damage. | | |
| H317 | | May cause an allergic skin reaction. | | |
| H400 | Very toxic to aquati | | | |
| H410 | Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. | | | |
| Full text of other abbreviations | | | | |
| Acute Tox. | Acute toxicity | | | |
| Aquatic Acute | Acute aquatic toxici | ity | | |
| Aquatic Chronic | Chronic aquatic tox | icity | | |
| Asp. Tox. | Aspiration hazard | | | |
| Skin Corr. | Skin corrosion | | | |
| Skin Sens. | Skin sensitisation | | | |
| Abbreviations and Acro | nyms : The stand | lard abbreviations and acronyms used in this | | |
| | document | t can be looked up in reference literature (e.g. | | |
| | | dictionaries) and/or websites. | | |
| | | | | |

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|-------------|--|------------------------------|--|--|
| | | | | |
| | ACGIH = American Conference of G | overnmental Industrial | | |
| | Hygienists ADR = European Agreement conceri | ning the International | | |
| | Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Ro | | | |
| | AICS = Australian Inventory of Chem | | | |
| | ASTM = American Society for Testin | | | |
| | BEL = Biological exposure limits | g and materiale | | |
| | BTEX = Benzene, Toluene, Ethylber | nzene, Xylenes | | |
| | CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service | | | |
| | CEFIC = European Chemical Industr | y Council | | |
| | CLP = Classification Packaging and | Labelling | | |
| | COC = Cleveland Open-Cup | | | |
| | DIN = Deutsches Institut fur Normung | | | |
| | DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Leve | | | |
| | DNEL = Derived No Effect Level | | | |
| | DSL = Canada Domestic Substance | LIST | | |
| | EC = European Commission | | | |
| | EC50 = Effective Concentration fifty | tovicelegy and | | |
| | ECETOC = European Center on Eco Toxicology Of Chemicals | noxicology and | | |
| | ECHA = European Chemicals Agenc | N/ | | |
| | EINECS = The European Inventory of | | | |
| | Chemical Substances | | | |
| | EL50 = Effective Loading fifty | | | |
| | ENCS = Japanese Existing and New | Chemical Substances | | |
| | Inventory | | | |
| | EWC = Éuropean Waste Code | | | |
| | GHS = Globally Harmonised System | of Classification and | | |
| | Labelling of Chemicals | | | |
| | IARC = International Agency for Res | | | |
| | IATA = International Air Transport As | sociation | | |
| | IC50 = Inhibitory Concentration fifty | | | |
| | IL50 = Inhibitory Level fifty | | | |
| | IMDG = International Maritime Dange | erous Goods | | |
| | INV = Chinese Chemicals Inventory | en a tha al NIS 240 fair tha | | |
| | IP346 = Institute of Petroleum test r | | | |
| | determination of polycyclic aromatics KECI = Korea Existing Chemicals Inv | | | |
| | LC50 = Lethal Concentration fifty | ventory | | |
| | LD50 = Lethal Dose fifty per cent. | | | |
| | LL/EL/IL = Lethal Loading/Effective L | oading/Inhibitory loading | | |
| | LL50 = Lethal Loading fifty | | | |
| | MARPOL = International Convention | for the Prevention of | | |
| | Pollution From Ships | | | |
| | NOEC/NOEL = No Observed Effect (| Concentration / No | | |
| | Observed Effect Level | | | |
| | OE_HPV = Occupational Exposure - | High Production Volume | | |
| | PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative a | | | |
| | micals and Chemical | | | |
| | Substances | | | |
| | PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration | | | |
| | REACH = Registration Evaluation Ar | nd Authorisation Of | | |
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| Version 4.0 | Revision Date 17.04.2015 | Print Date 18.04.2015 |
| | Chemicals RID = Regulations Relating to International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail SKIN_DES = Skin Designation STEL = Short term exposure limit TRA = Targeted Risk Assessment TSCA = US Toxic Substances Control Act TWA = Time-Weighted Average vPvB = very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative | |
| Further information | | |
| Other information | : A vertical bar () in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version. | |

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.